

Federal University of Pernambuco

Application of SWAT model for streamflow simulation in the Una River Basin,

Northeast of Brazil

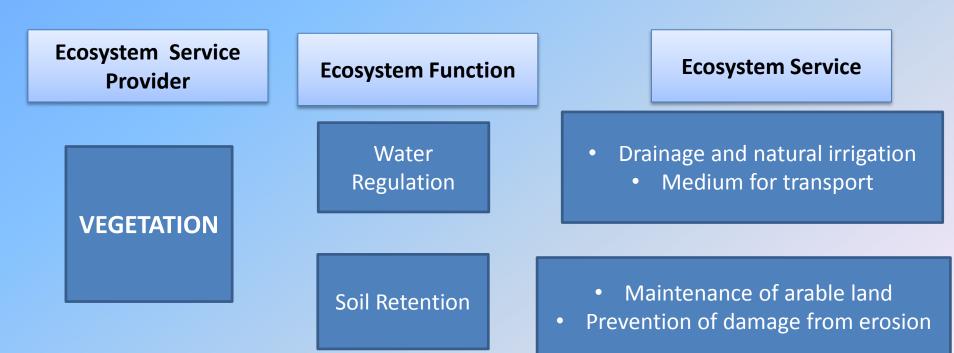
José Guimarães de Carvalho Neto

Adviser: Suzana Montenegro

Co-Adviser: Richarde Marques

Introduction

- SWAT as a tool to indentify opportunities of payments for environmental services (PES).
 - Quintero (2009)



Source: Groot et al 2002; Kremen, 2005

Review

- Pernambuco ICMS Sócio Ambiental
 - Lei Estadual nº 11.899/00
 - ICMS Tax on the Circulation of Goods and Supply of Services Interstate and Intermunicipal Transportation and Communication (Imposto sobre Operações relativas à Circulação de Mercadorias e sobre Prestações de Serviços de Transporte Interestadual e Intermunicipal e de Comunicação)
 - 1% for the maintenance and creation of Conservation Units

- Lei Federal nº 9.985/00 National System of Conservation Units (Sistema Nacional de Unidades de Conservação da Natureza)
 - Conservation Units: territorial space and its environmental resources, including jurisdictional waters, with significant natural features, legally established by the Government, with conservation objectives and limits set under special administration regime, which guarantees the application of adequate protection.

Review

Permanent Preservation Areas

Some distance from the riverside (depends of the river width)

Wellspring – source of water

Slope bigger than 45º

•••••

Objective

 First analysis of input data and capabilities of the SWAT model simulating the River Una Basin.

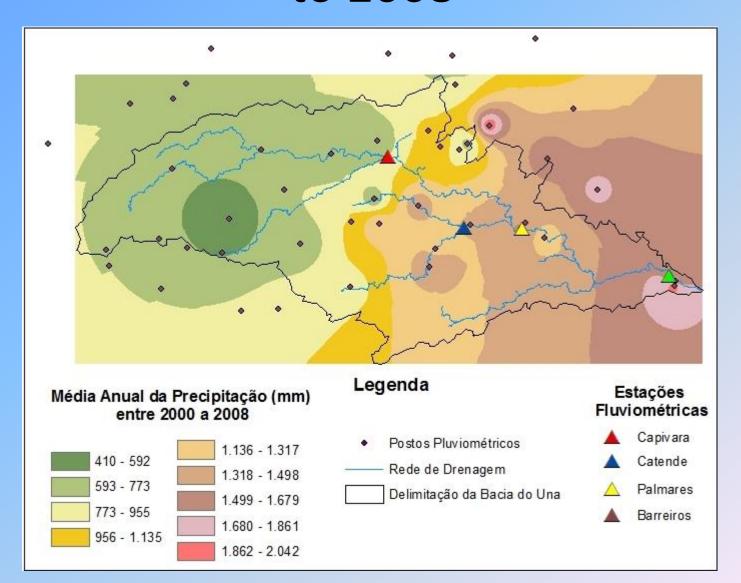


Study Area

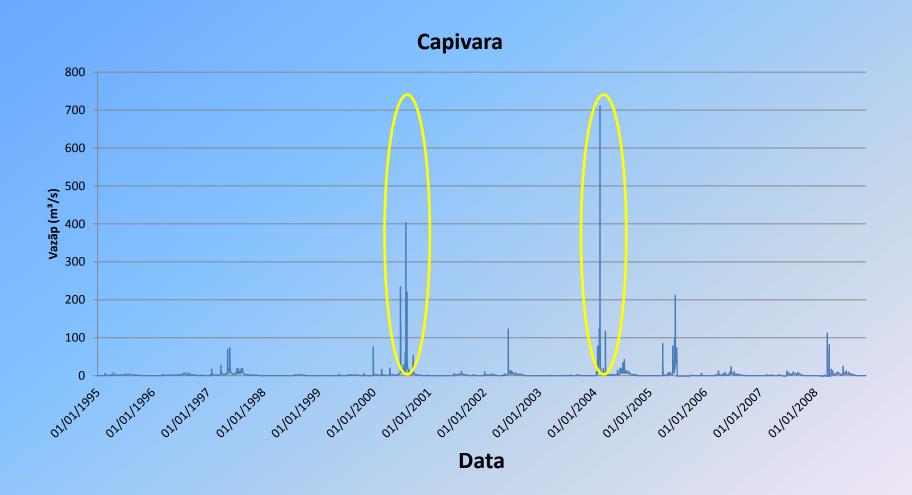
- River Una Basin
 - 6,3 thousand km²
 - 42 county fully or partially inside the basin
 - 19 of them has the city inside the basin
 - 553,3 thousand of people
 - Land Use
 - Sugar Kane industry
 - Historical events of floods
 - 2000, 2004, 2005, 2010 and 2011



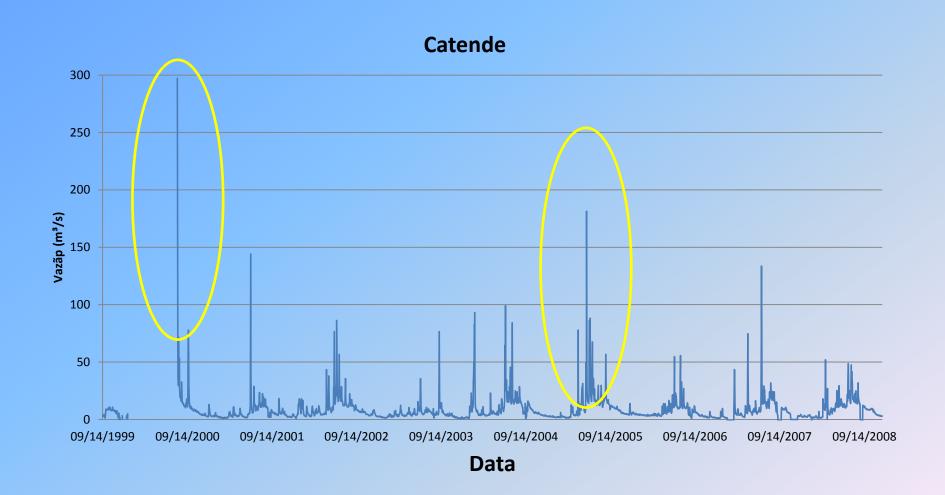
Average Annual Rainfall between 2000 to 2008



StreamFlow - Capivara

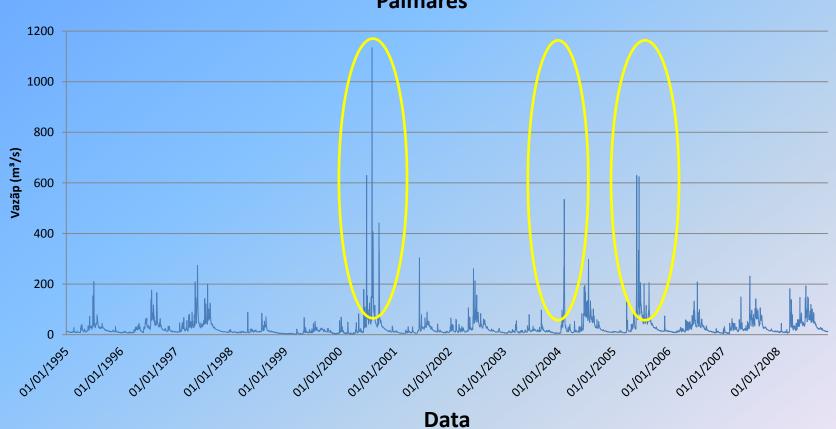


StreamFlow - Catende

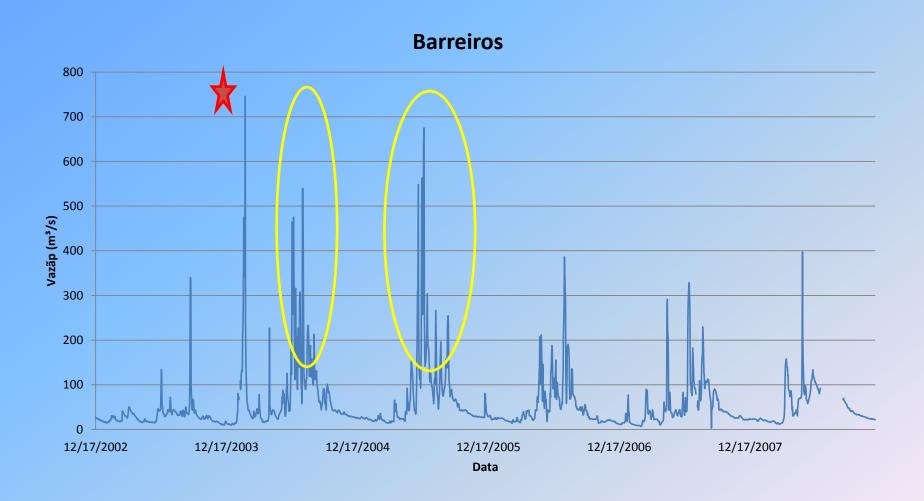


StreamFlow - Palmares



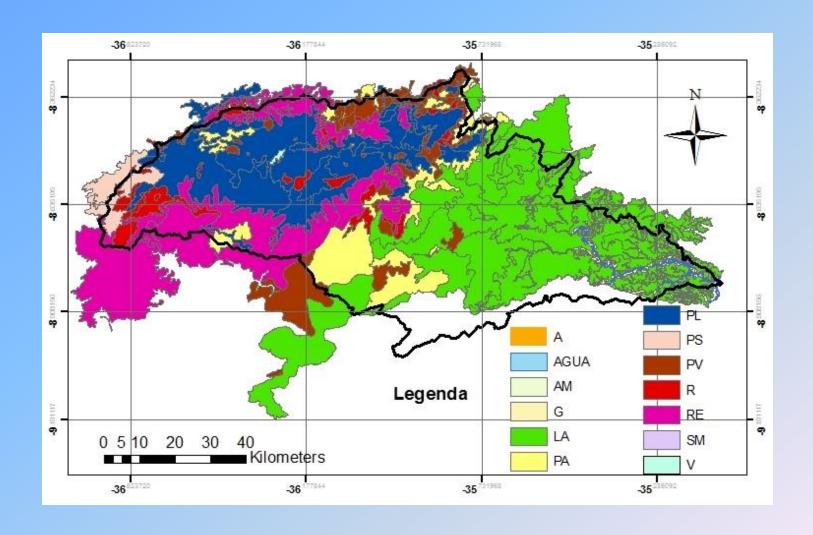


StreamFlow - Barreiros

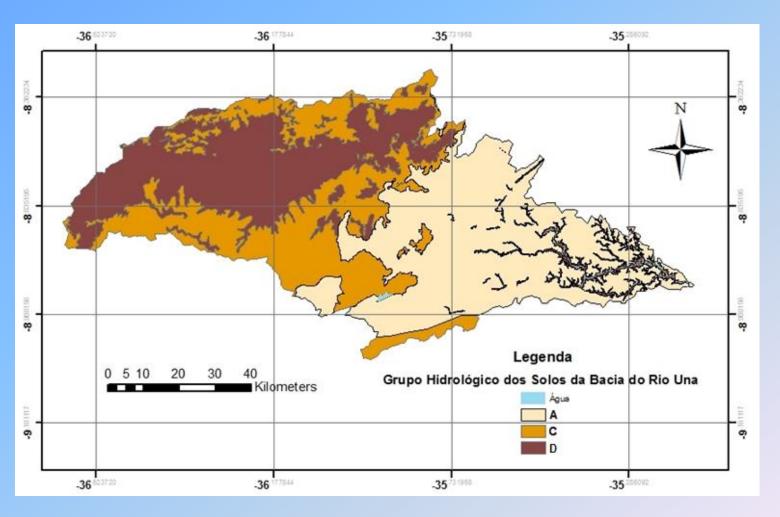


Input Data

Soil

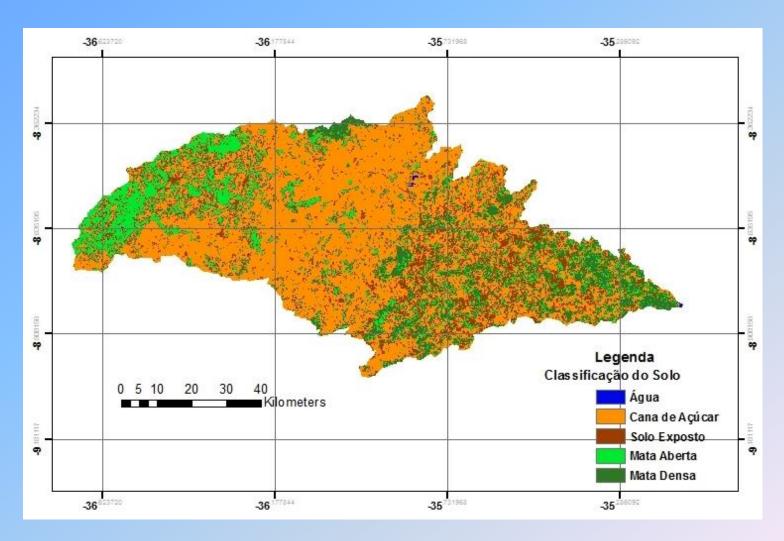


Soil Map

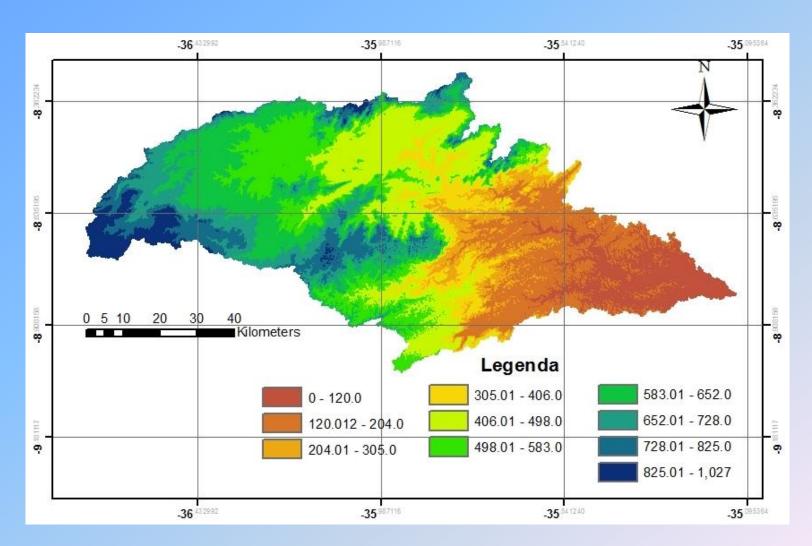


Sartori, 2005.

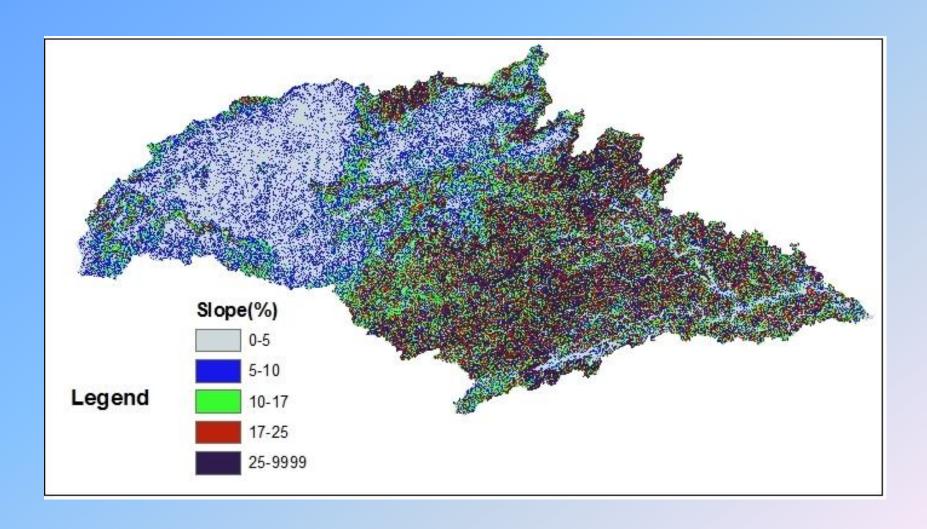
Land Use Map



Digital Elevation Model



Slope



Watershed Delineation



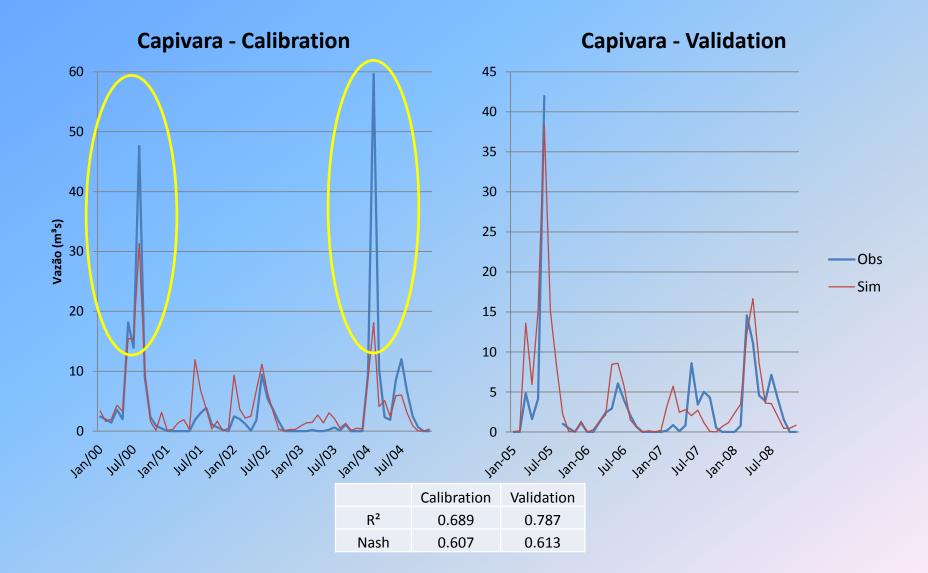
Methodology

- Only streamflow analysis
 - Monthly simulation
- Calibration (year)
 - 2000 to 2004
 - 97 to 99 as warm up period
- Validation (year)
 - 2005 to 2008
- Land Use
 - Sugar kane
 - Open Forest Range Brush
 - Dense Forest Forest Deciduos
 - Onion as Bare Soil
 - Water

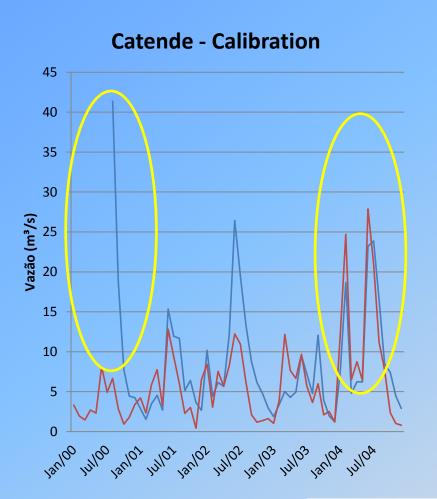
- Soil
 - Sartori (2005)
 - Levantamento Exploratório e Reconhecimento de Solos de Pernambuco (1973)
 - Exploratory Survey and Recognition of Pernambuco's Soil

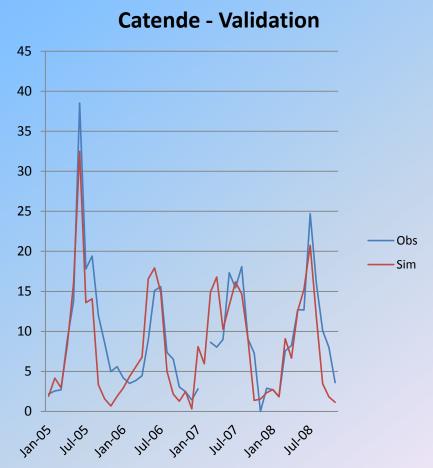
- SWAT-CUP
 - Parameters
 - r__CN2.mgt
 - v__ALPHA_BF.gw
 - v__GW_DELAY.gw
 - v__GWQMN.gw
 - r__SOL_AWC().sol
 - r__SOL_K().sol
 - 120 turns

Results - Capivara



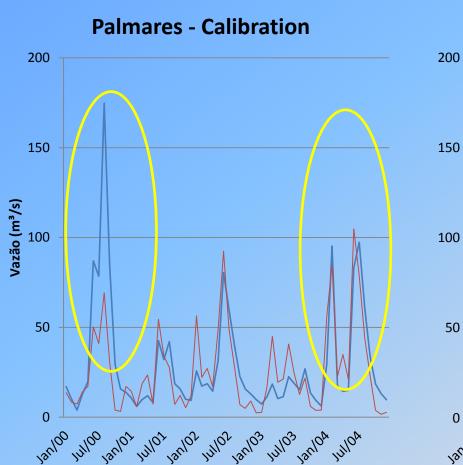
Results - Catende





	Calibration	Validation
R ²	0.344	0.734
Nash	0.231	0.695

Results - Palmares

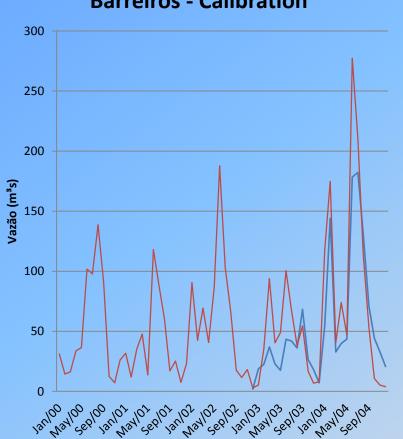


Palmares - Validation Obs Sim Janos Intos lango Into lango Intos lango Intos

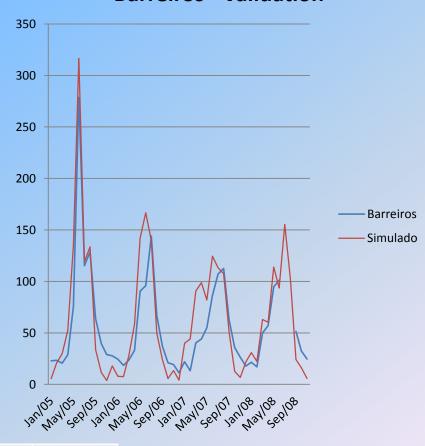
	Calibration	Validation
R ²	0.582	0.769
Nash	0.569	0.730

Results - Barreiros





Barreiros - Validation



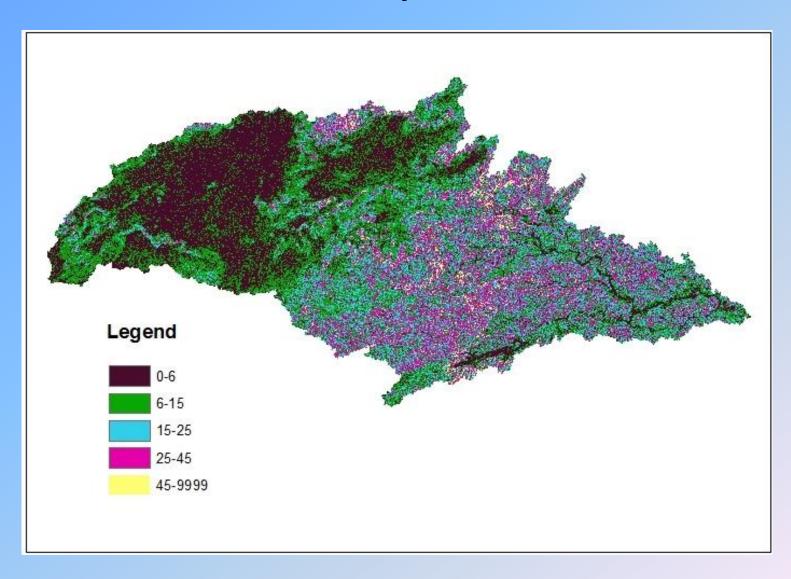
	Calibration	Validation
R²	0.817	0.732
Nash	0.699	0.460

Conclusion

Good results of streamflow.

- Working in progress
 - More accurate land use map
 - Work with another class of slope
 - Study/Analysi precipitation data
 - Better results?

Slope



Obrigado
Thanks
Gracias

> ze.ambiental@gmail.com