

Work Programme 2012 "COOPERATION"

Theme 2: Food, Agriculture and Fisheries, and Biotechnology

Activity 2.3: Life sciences, biotechnology and biochemistry for sustainable non-food products and processes

Area 2.3.5: Environmental biotechnology

KBBE.2012.3.5-03: Biotechnological waste water treatments and reuse in agronomical systems

Water4Crops



Integrating biotreated wastewater reuse and valorization with

enhanced water use efficiency (WEF) to support the Green Economy in EU and India



The problem

- Around 205 million hectares of irrigated agricultural land providing about 40% of crop production in South America, Asia, Africa. Irrigated area expected to grow by 40 million hectares by 2030.
- Area equipped for irrigation expected to expand by a rate of 0.6% per year up to 2025. In parallel, the global potential irrigation-water demand will rise by 9.5% in 2021-25
- ◆ Climate changes will exacerbate an already critical situation
- The challenge of irrigated agriculture needs to be addressed both as an essential environmental issue and also as a precondition for sustainable economic growth.





The challenge - 1

New approaches needed to cope with the imbalance between water supply and demand

- ✓ sustainable and efficient use of water resources,
- ✓ nonconventional water resources,
- ✓ demand management,
- ✓ minimizing input to agriculture through precise agriculture practice,
- ✓ minimizing wastes,
- ✓ recycling and reuse of natural resources in sustainable manner.





The challenge - 2

Traditional concepts to increase waste water re-use in irrigated agriculture are **unlikely** expected to bring a breakthrough in economic developments at rural areas.

Greatest challenge in the water and sanitation sector over the next two decades (World Bank):

the implementation of low cost sewage treatments that will at the same time permit selective reuse of treated effluents for agricultural (or industrial purposes).

The comparable high costs for treated waste water, its spatially restricted availability and the limited return on investment in irrigating field crops call for new approaches and combinations of products. Time has come to explore new ways for development both in Europe as in India.



The Water4Crops approach and objectives - 1

Technologies developed in India and Europe, both in the field of biotreatment and increased water use efficiency are **basically comparable** but their applications are context specific and would require new adaptations and integration.

Water4Crops aims

- to provide a comprehensive set of individual key technologies (reflecting the highest state of the art in Europe and India),
- to understand the differences (at processing and application levels)
- to identify best possible modifications which would allow a higher and combined use of technological advances from both at both regions.



The Water4Crops approach and objectives - 2

Water4Crops plans to:

a) develop innovative **biotechnological wastewater treatments** for improved water recycling,

b) initiate the co-creation of alternative combinations of **biotreatment**, **recycling** of high value elements, and combinations for **bioproducts** leading to a better commercialization of biotechnology and agricultural products in Europe and India,

c)improve water use efficiency at field level through agronomics, plant breeding and locally adapted new irrigation technologies and accurate crop water requirement measurements techniques.

Water4Crops will boost bio-based economy by applying a **double track approach**.



The Water4Crops double track approach - 1

A comprehensive set of key Green-Economy technologies

1) valorization of **volatile fatty acids**;

2) obtaining: natural **antioxidants** (polyphenols), **biopolymers** (PHAs), **energy** (biomethane), **new substances** for selective recovery of valuable products from wastewater;

3) tailoring effluent properties from decentralized innovative bioreactors;

4) **low bio-sludge production** by SBBG Reactors and removal of organopollutants by nanobiocatalysts;

5) reduced clogging of artificial wetlands;

6) suitable **precision irrigation systems** for reclaimed water;

7) new **monitoring** for increase water efficiency in irrigation;

8) understanding the genetic mechanisms regulating **drought-adaptive traits** across maize, sorghum, millet and tomato;



The Water4Crops double track approach - 2

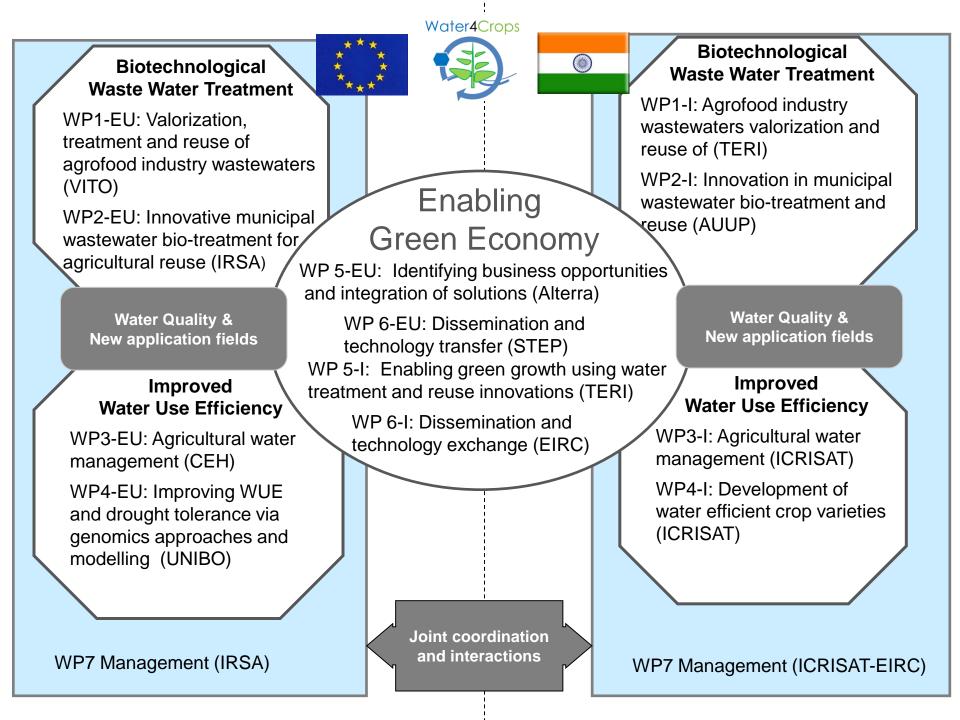
Identification of new product market combinations.

The co-creation process will be organized by two Mirror cases

- i) Emilia Romagna area in Italy
- ii) Hyderabad region in India

within a specific Science-Practice Interface (INNOVA platforms).

Developing the new applications and business opportunities with regional enterprises and stakeholder will move India and Europe towards a Green Economy.





Through the INNOVA stakeholder platforms, the Mirror Cases will:

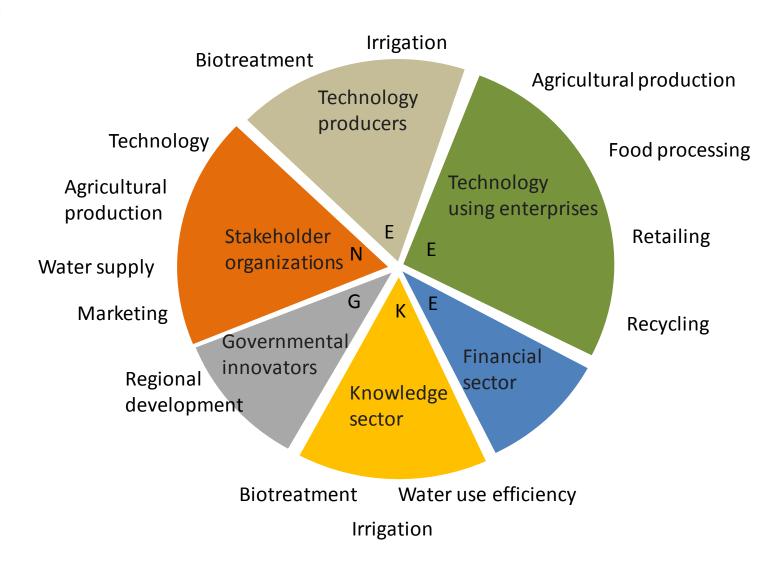
- Transmit stakeholders demands to technology developers;
- Reflect the achievements of technology developers to identify new solutions and business opportunities;
- Mirror the experience of Europe and India for mutual advancements.

WP4 - Efficient water use in Irrigated Agriculture

- Adapt advanced water saving irrigation technologies and strategies to water use and reuse at field scale (Regulated Deficit Irrigation or Partial Root Drying method; use of saline water
- Provide low and high tech, multi-functional solution tailored for field scale agriculture
- Further develop, test and adapt actual evapotranspiration, Eta and soil water sensor technologies (Scintillometry, Eddy Covariance, Cosmos)
- Modelling the impact of the proposed irrigation technologies and strategies on crop, soil and groundwater at field scale
- Assessment and benchmarking of the opportunities of water saving at field and basin scale



Targeted Composition of the INNOVA platform at Mirror cases





Water4Crops – EU Partnership

Participant number	Participant name	Short name	Country	
1 Coordinator	Istituto di Ricerca Sulle Acque del Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche	IRSA	Italy	
2	Natural Environment Research Council - Centre for Ecology and Hydrology	NERC	United Kingdom	
3	University of Applied Sciences Northwestern Switzerland	FHNW	Switzerland	
4	Università di Bologna - DiSTA Università di Bologna – DICAM	UNIBO	Italy	
5	Flemish Institute for Technological Research	VITO	Belgium	
6	Technical University of Crete	TUC	Greece	
7	Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research	UFZ	Germany	
8	Università di Catania – GESA	UNICT	Italy	
9	Centre National du Machinisme Agricole, du Genie Rural, des Eaux et des Forets	IRSTEA- CEMAGREF	France	
10	Institut National de la Recherche Agronomique	INRA	France	
11	Stichting Dienst Landbouwkundig Onderzoek	ALTERRA	The Netherlands	
12	Consorzio di Bonifica di Secondo Grado per il Canale Emiliano Romagnolo	CER	Italy	
13	Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit	GIZ	Germany	
14	INOFEA GmbH	INOFEA	Switzerland	
15	SIMA-tec GmbH	SIMA-TEC	Germany	
16	BionActis International Group SA	BIONACTIS	Switzerland	
17	PHYTOREM S.A.	PHYTOREM	France	
18	BioPlanta GmbH	BIOPLANTA	Germany	
19	Environmental Nutritional and Health Services S.A.	ENVINHEALTH	Greece	
20	Horta srl	HORTA	Italy	
21	S.T.E.P. Consulting GmbH	STEP	Germany	
22	Università di Roma "La Sapienza"	UNIRM	Italy	



Water4Crops – India Partnership

Participant no.*	Participant organisation name International Crops Research Institute for the Semi-Arid Tropics (ICRISAT)	
1		
2	The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI)	
3	Amity University Uttar Pradesh (AUUP)	India
4	University of Agricultural Sciences Dharwad (UASD)	India
5	MS Swaminathan Research Foundation (MSSRF)	India
6	National Environmental Engineering Research Institute (NEERI)	India
7	Jain Irrigation Systems Limited (JISL)	India
8	Euro India Research Centre (EIRC)	India
9	SABMiller (SABM)	India
10	University of Agricultural Sciences Bangalore (UASB)	India
11*	PRAJ Matrix (PRAJM)	India
12*	Ugar Sugar (UGSG)	India
13*	Larsen & Toubro (L&T)	India
14*	ION Exchange	India

Thanks for your attention !!!

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