

# Drought induced land use change impacts on hydrology: A SWAT+ study in the Harz mountains, Germany

Paul Wagner & Nicola Fohrer



EXDIMUM





# Motivation: extreme dry conditions

Tree mortality => soil erosion



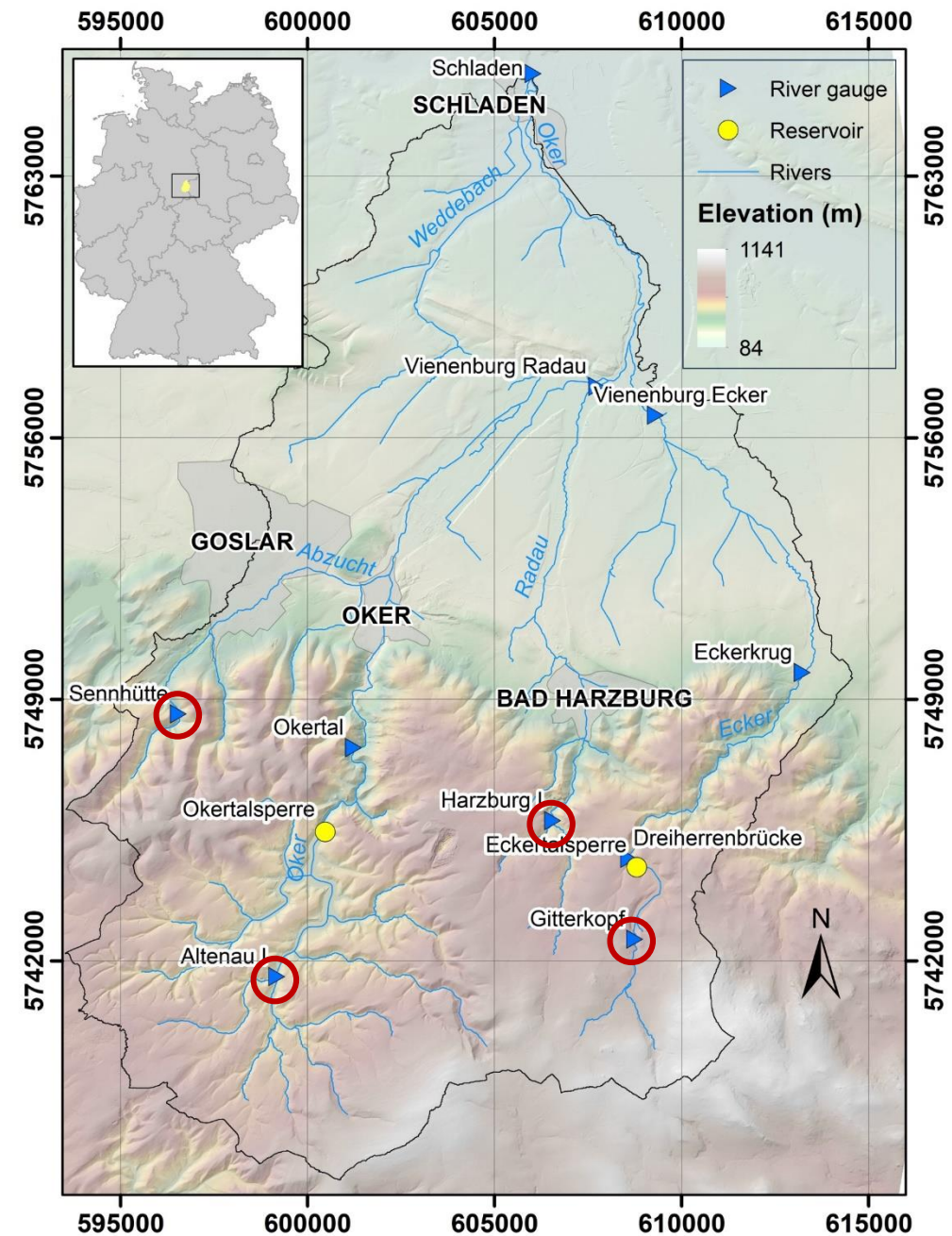
Photos: P. Wagner 2022



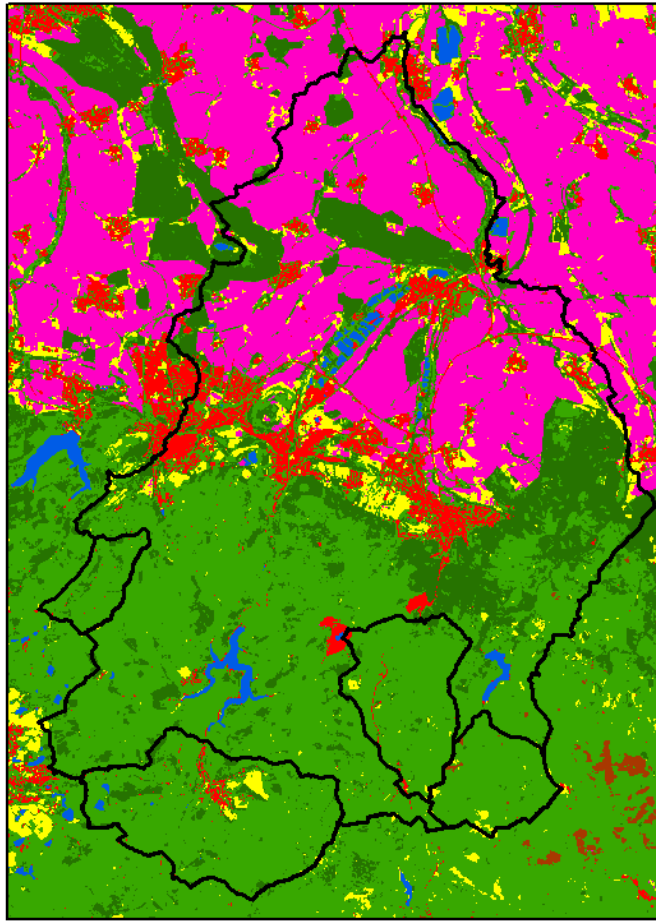
# Study area

- Harz mountains, Germany
- Catchment of the Oker upstream of gauge Schladen
- Area: 361.6 km<sup>2</sup>
- Elevation: 89 m – 1141 m
- 55% forest, 28% agriculture, 8% settlements

## Headwater catchments

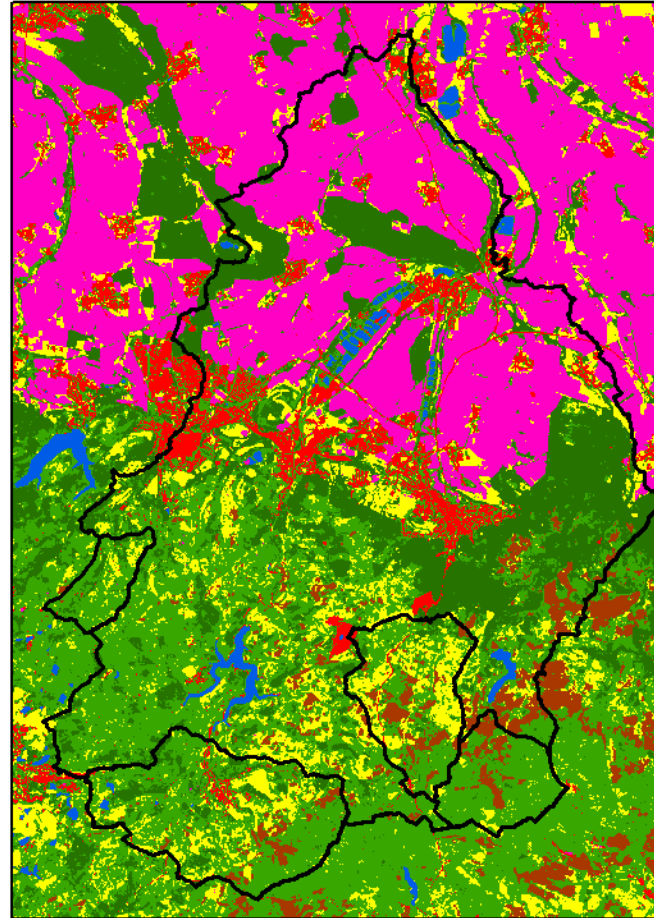


# Land use change: Dead trees

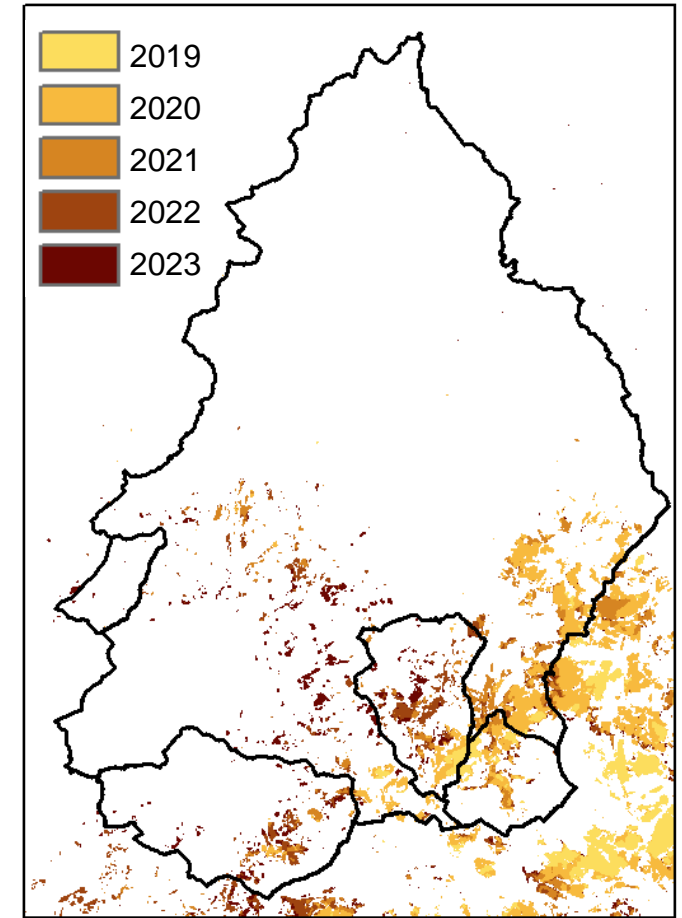


2018

Provided by F. Saba, P. Diaz & M. Gerke (TU Braunschweig)



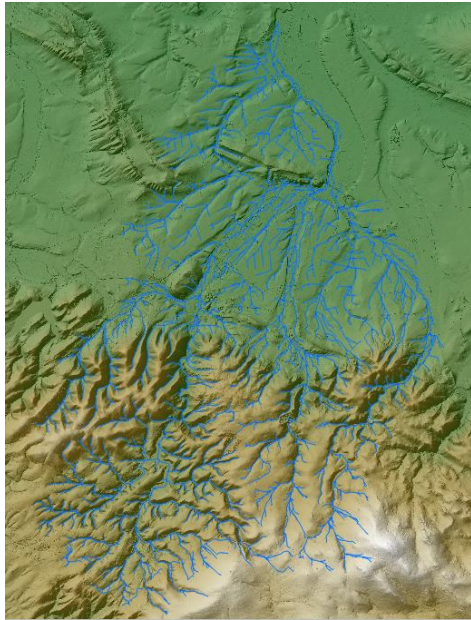
2023



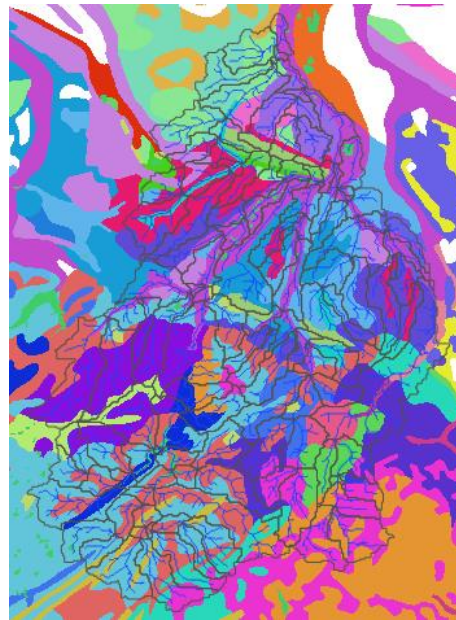
Year of first observation



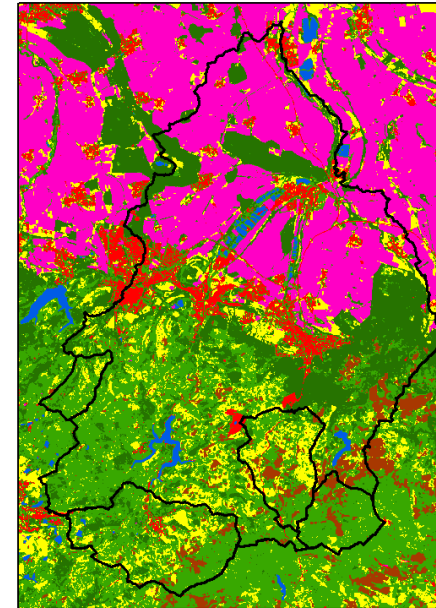
# Model setup: SWAT+



DEM (5 m) +  
Stream network  
(LGLN 2022)



Soil map  
(1:200 000)  
(BGR 2022)



Land use (10 m)  
(remote sensing)  
(EXDIMUM)



Weather data  
(interpolated)  
(EXDIMUM)

=> 5253 Hydrologic response units





# Initial model calibration with one land use map

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Decrease in performance (example gauge Harzburg)

- when other land use map is used: -0.05 KGE
- when model is applied to period before land use change: -0.09 KGE

Strong land use changes need to be considered in model calibration

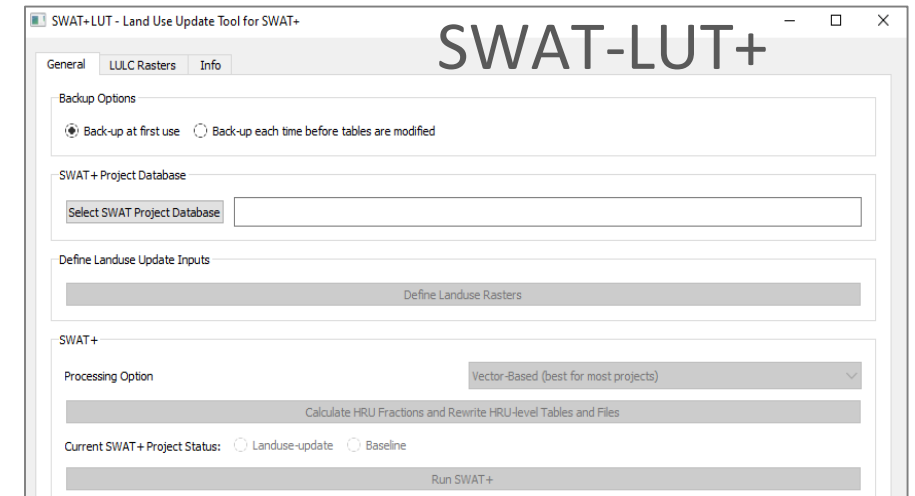
=> Dynamic land use change representation\*

\*Wagner, P.D. et al. 2019: Static vs dynamic LUC. *Environmental Modelling & Software* 122, 103987.



# Dynamic representation of land use change in SWAT+

- Land Use Update Tool for SWAT+ (SWAT-LUT+)\*
  - Writes scen\_dtl.upd, scen\_lu.dtl, ru\_unit\_upd001-005, ls\_unit\_upd001-005
  - Updates hru.con, hru-data.hru, hydrology.hyd, ls\_unit.ele/.def, rout\_unit.ele/.def, object.cnt, topography.hyd, file.cio
- Available for QSWAT+ 2.2.5, SWAT+ Editor 2.1.3, Revision 60.5.4
- Works for Revision 61.0 with a few workarounds
- Model setup: constant land use (2014-2018)  
annual land use updates (2019-2023)



=> +1064 HRUs

\*Moriasi, D.N. et al. 2019: SWAT-LUT: A Desktop Graphical User Interface for Updating Land Use in SWAT. *JAWRA*, 1102–1115.



# Dynamic representation of land use change in SWAT+

scen\_lu.dtl - Editor

Datei Bearbeiten Format Ansicht Hilfe

scen\_lu.dtl: written by SWAT+ editor v2.3.1 on 2024-06-26 18:26 for SWAT+ rev.60.5.4

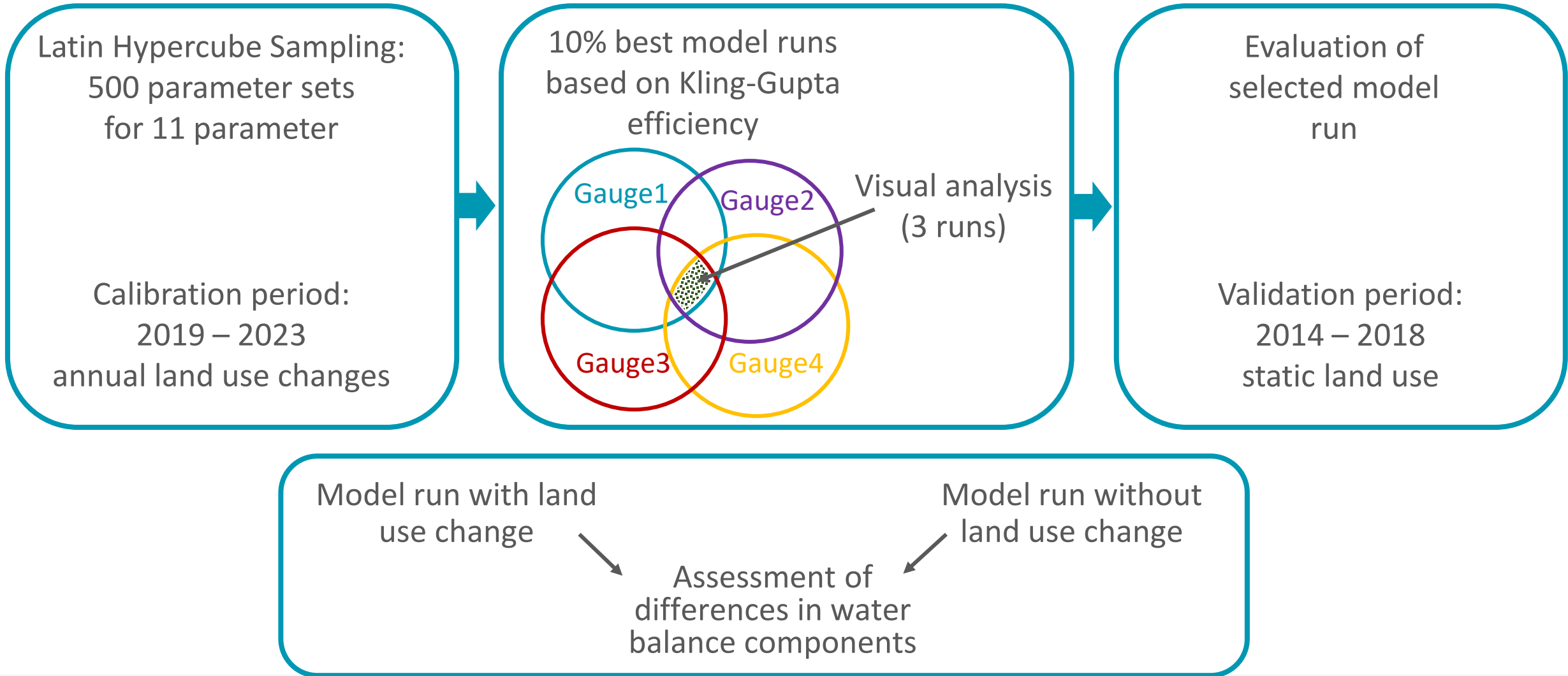
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year_cal	null	0	null	-	2022.00000	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	!
jday	null	0	null	-	1.00000	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	!
year_cal	null	0	null	-	2023.00000	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	!
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hru_fr_update	null	0	lu_change_2023-001	ls_unit_upd001.ele	0.00000	0.00000	ru_unit_upd001.ele	n	n	n	n	n	n	y





# Model calibration and application



# Model evaluation

## Kling-Gupta efficiency

Gauge	Calibration	Validation	Difference
Sennhütte	0.67	0.66	-0.01
Altenau	0.70	0.66	-0.04
Gitterkopf	0.41	0.53	+0.12
<b>Harzburg</b>	<b>0.75</b>	<b>0.69</b>	<b>-0.06</b>

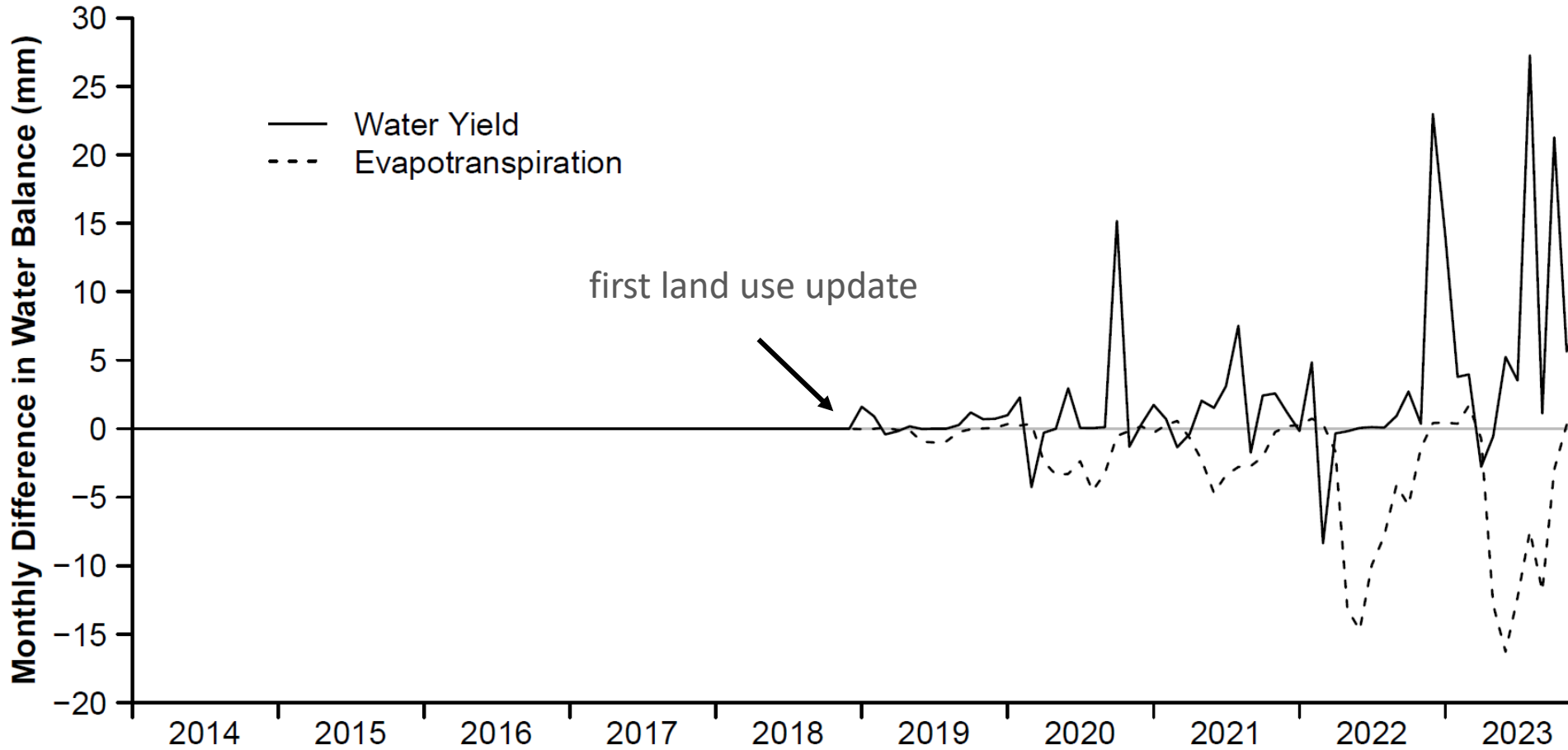
Model suitable for dynamic land use change (2018-2023) and static land use (validation: 2014-2017).



# Temporal land use change impacts on water yield and evapotranspiration



EXDIMUM



Forest loss:

Increase in water yield (surface runoff)

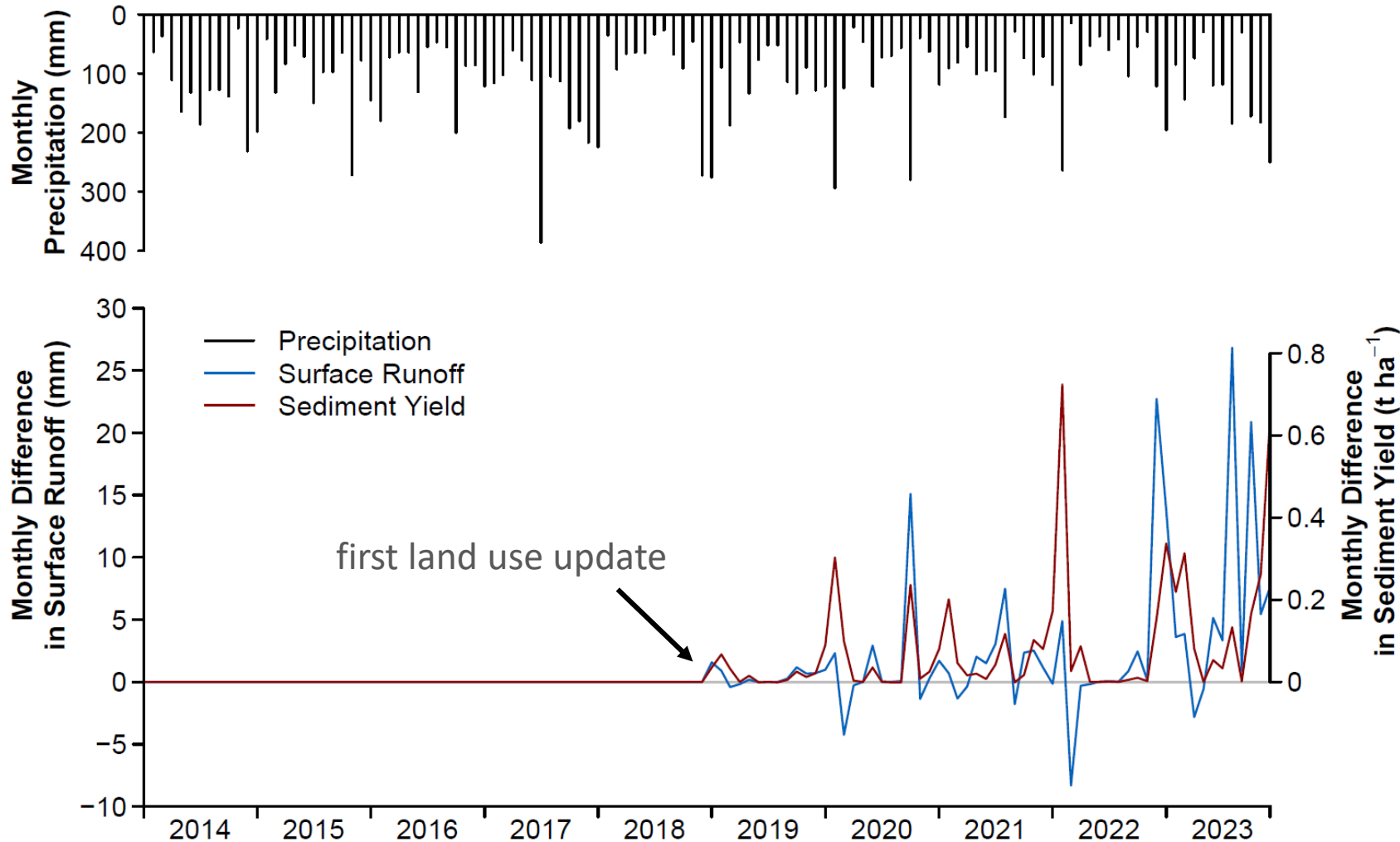
Decrease in ET in vegetation period



# Temporal land use change impacts on surface runoff and sediment yield



EXDIMUM



Increase in sediment yield due to:

- forest loss
- surface runoff ( $r=0.40$ )
- precipitation ( $r=0.69$ )



# Spatial land use change impacts Harzburg: 2018

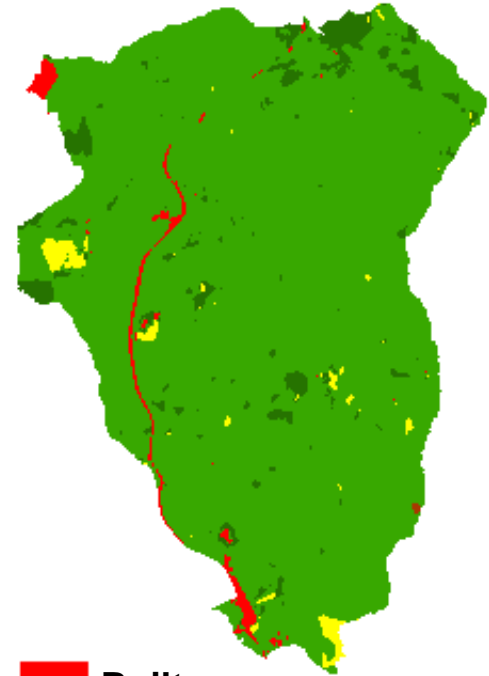
Land use

Evapotranspiration

Surface runoff

Percolation

Sediment yield



*No land use change, no impacts*

-  Built-up
-  Coniferous forest
-  Deciduous forest
-  Dead trees
-  Regrowth (grass)



# Spatial land use change impacts Harzburg: 2019

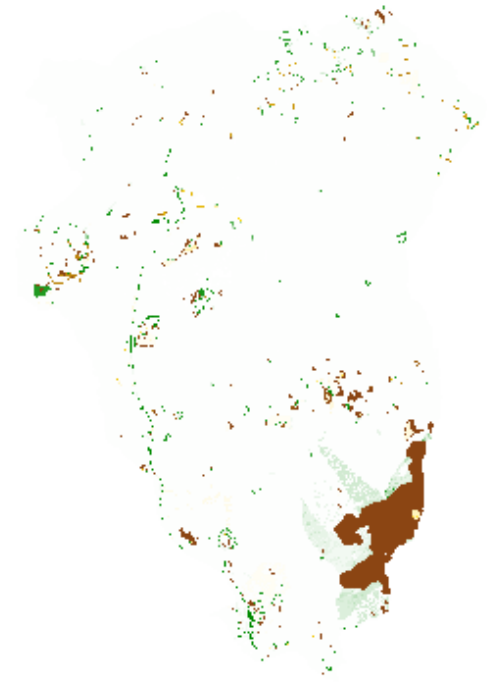
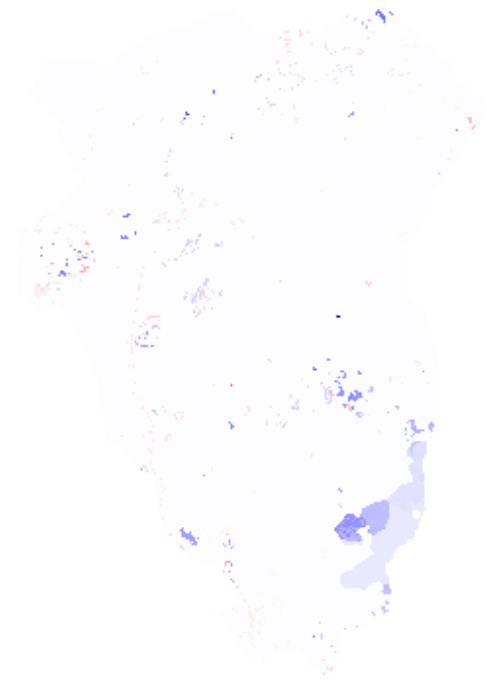
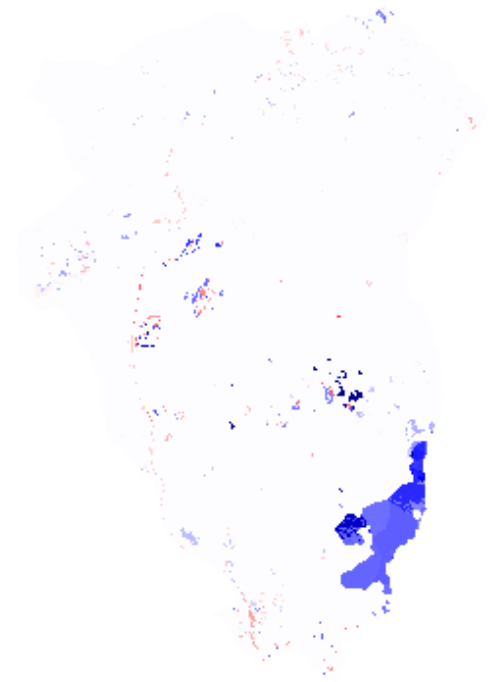
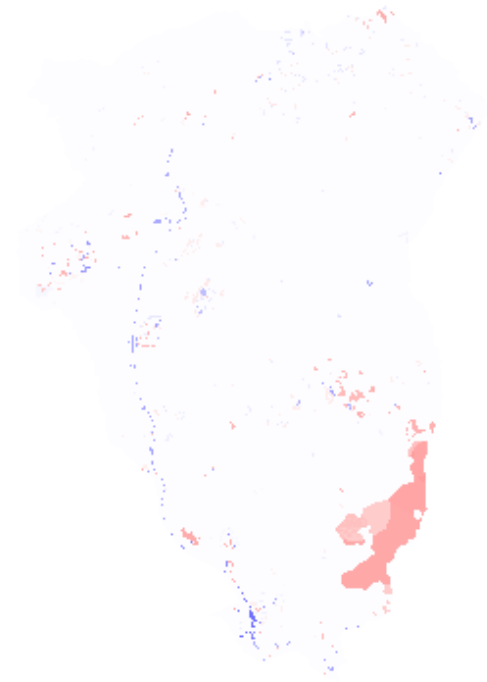
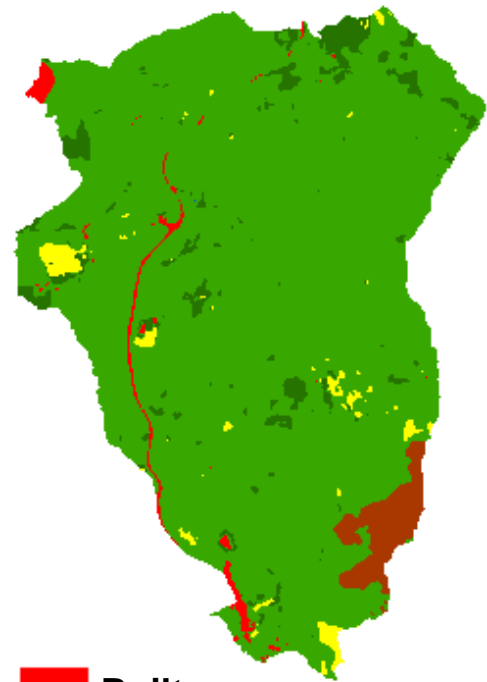
Land use

Evapotranspiration

Surface runoff

Percolation

Sediment yield



-  Built-up
-  Coniferous forest
-  Deciduous forest
-  Dead trees
-  Regrowth (grass)



# Spatial land use change impacts Harzburg: 2020

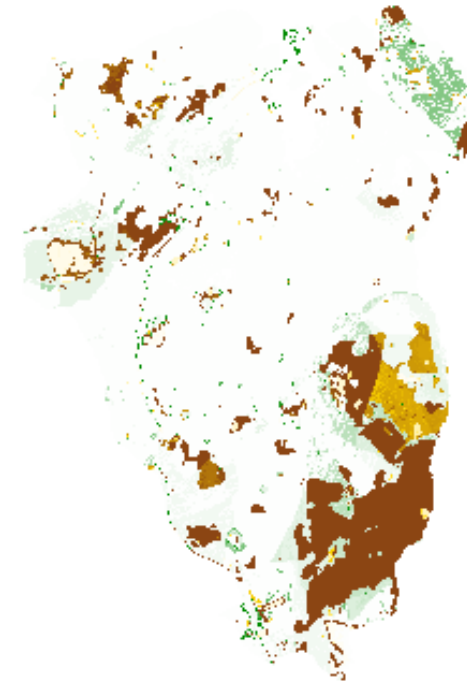
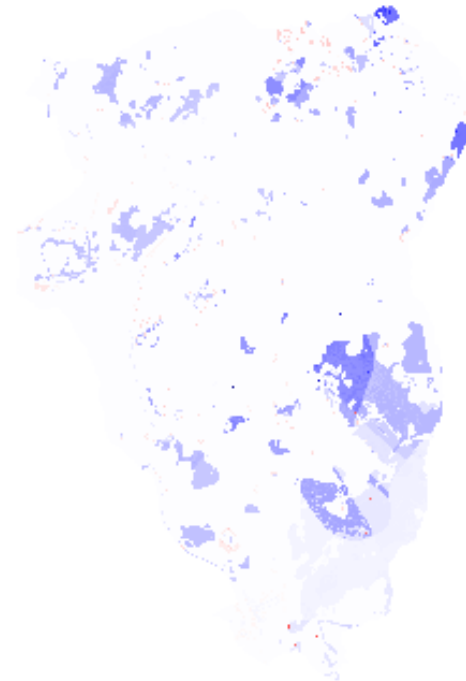
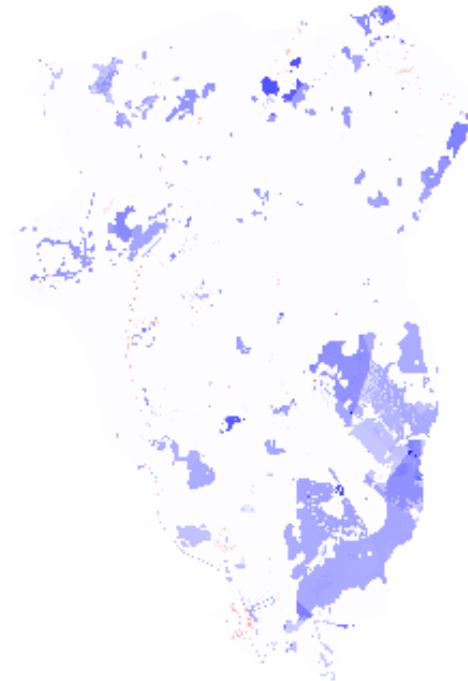
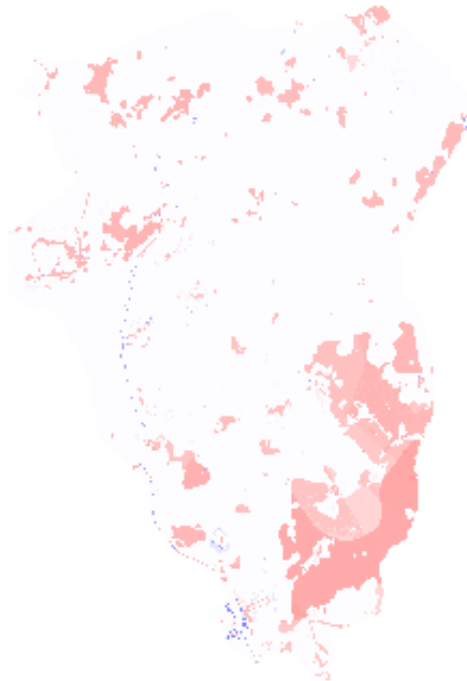
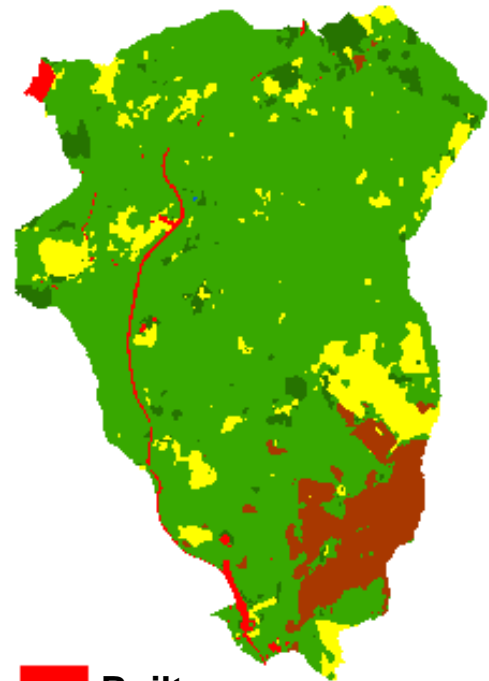
Land use

Evapotranspiration

Surface runoff

Percolation

Sediment yield



-  Built-up
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# Spatial land use change impacts Harzburg: 2021

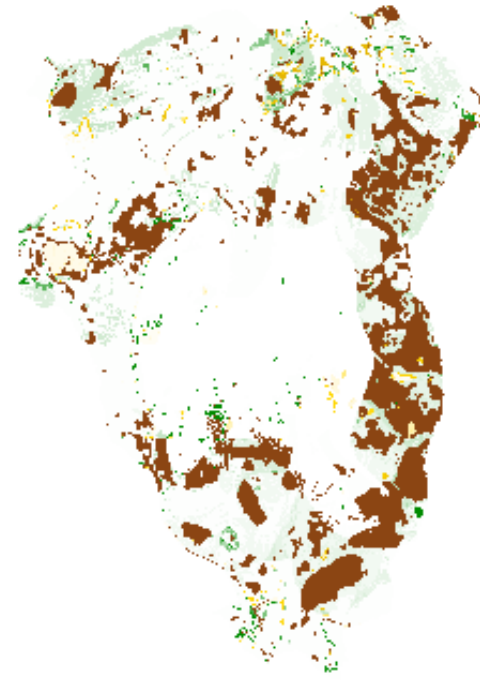
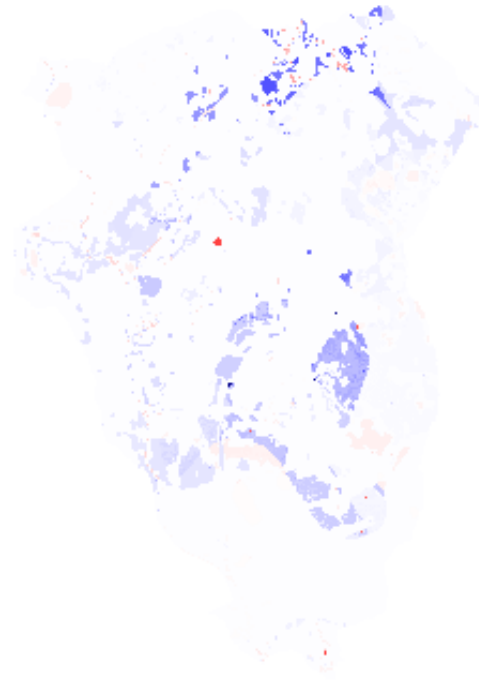
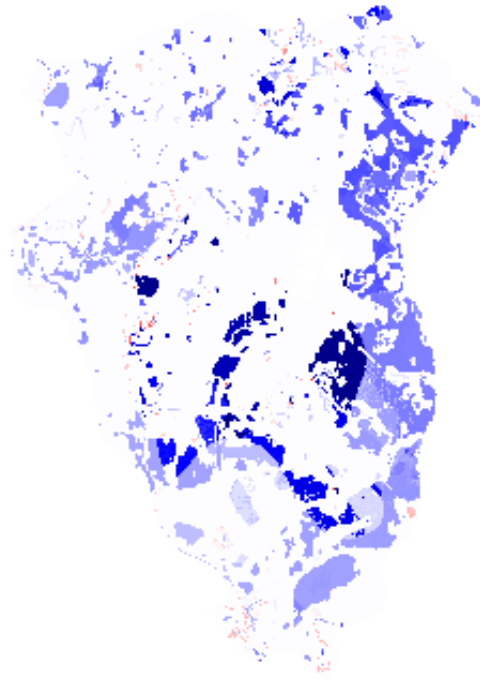
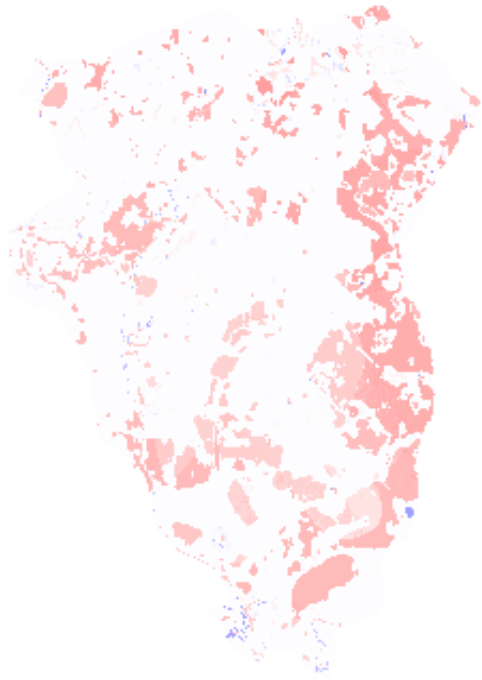
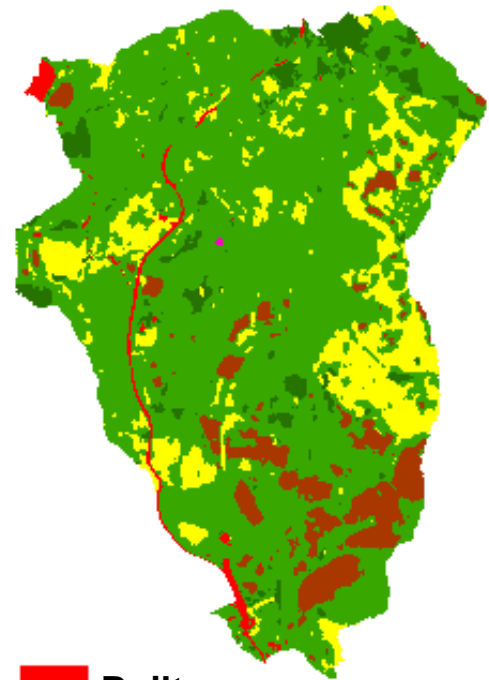
Land use

Evapotranspiration

Surface runoff

Percolation

Sediment yield



-  Built-up
-  Coniferous forest
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-  Dead trees
-  Regrowth (grass)





# Spatial land use change impacts Harzburg: 2022

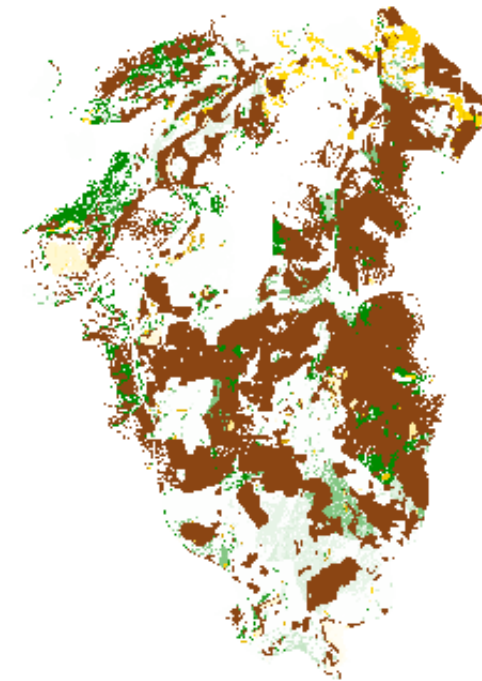
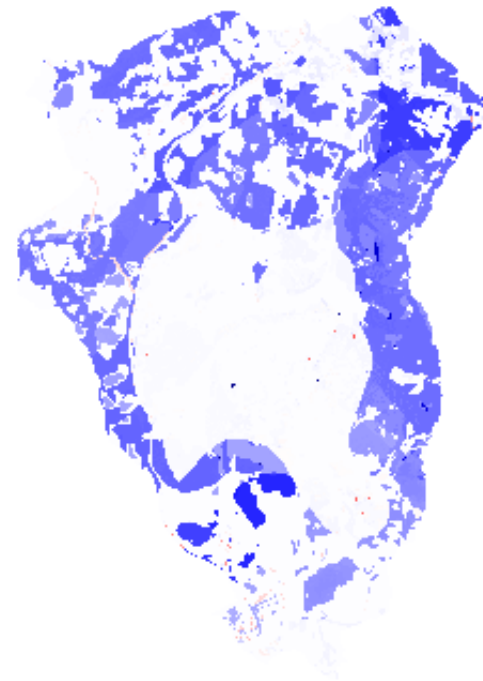
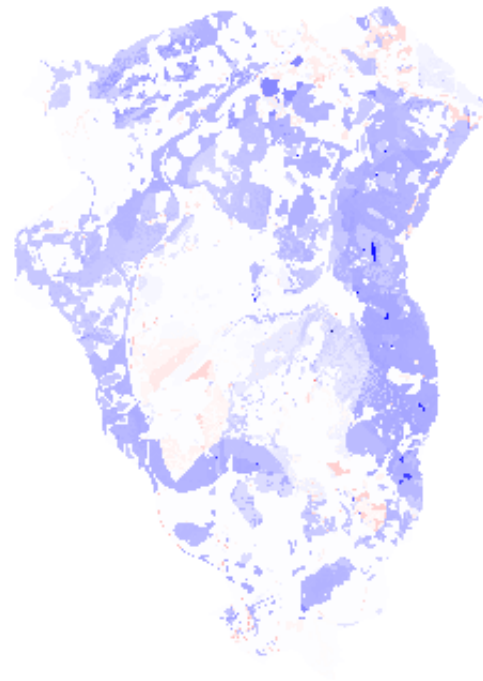
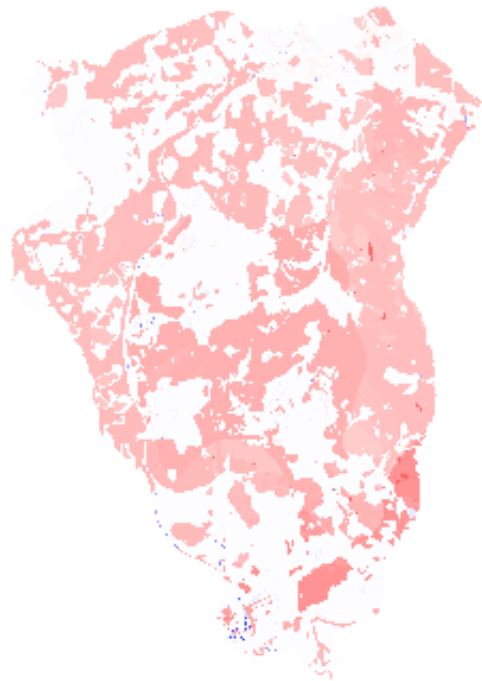
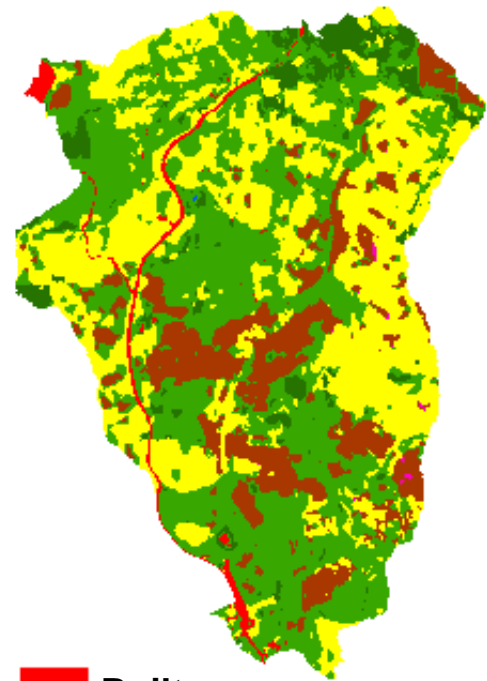
Land use

Evapotranspiration

Surface runoff

Percolation

Sediment yield



-  Built-up
-  Coniferous forest
-  Deciduous forest
-  Dead trees
-  Regrowth (grass)



# Spatial land use change impacts Harzburg: 2023

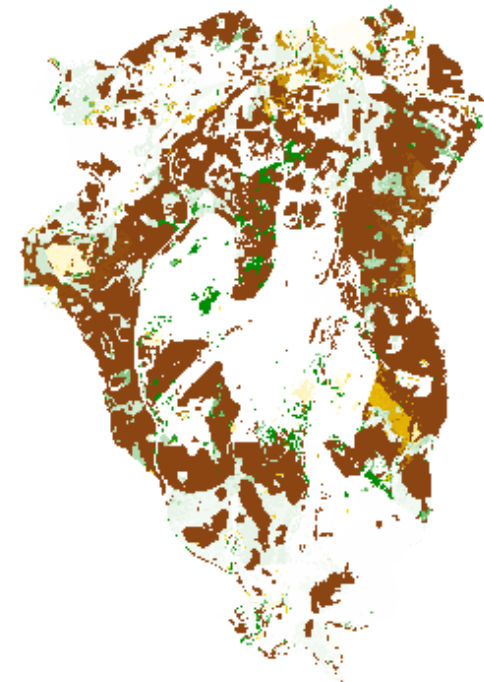
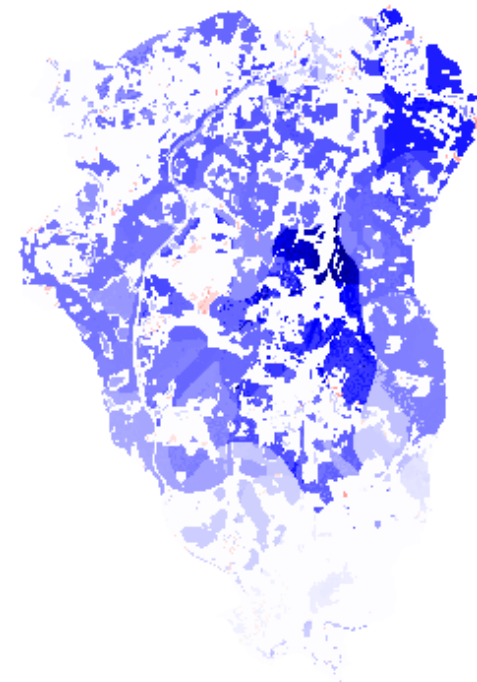
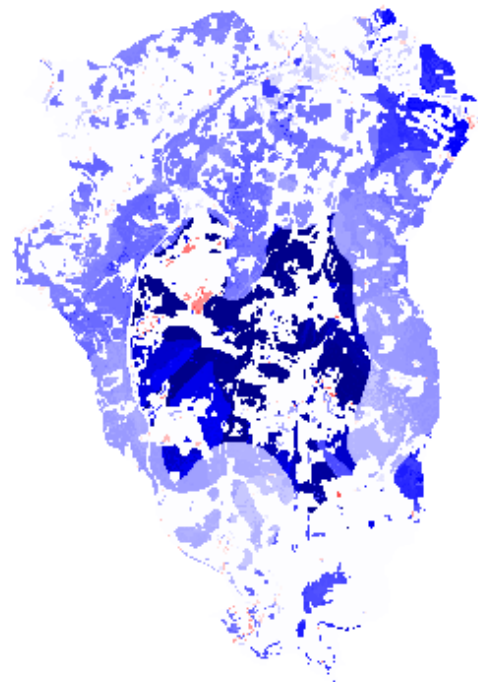
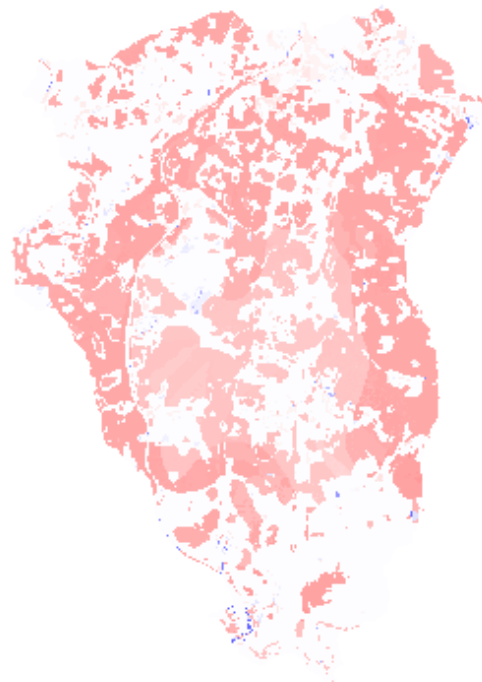
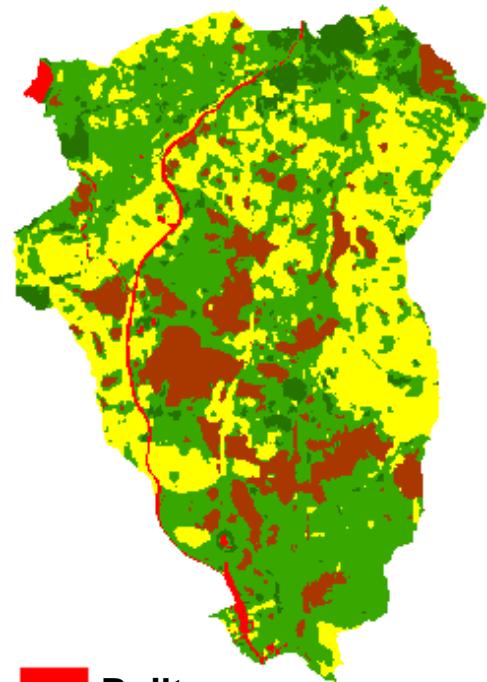
Land use

Evapotranspiration

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Sediment yield



-  Built-up
-  Coniferous forest
-  Deciduous forest
-  Dead trees
-  Regrowth (grass)

=> faster response





# Conclusion

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## Modeling:

- Successful implementation of dynamic land use changes in SWAT+
- Calibration for dynamic land use representation
- Necessary improvement of multi gauge calibration

## Impacts:

- Strong impacts of tree mortality on water balance components
- Decrease of ET, increase of surface runoff, percolation and erosion
- Improve drought and flood resilience by afforestation with climate resilient trees





# Thank you very much for your attention!



EXDIMUM

GEFÖRDERT VOM



Bundesministerium  
für Bildung  
und Forschung

**FONA**

Forschung für Nachhaltigkeit

**WaX**  
Wasser-Extremereignisse

*Data sources:*

*BGR 2022: Bodenübersichtskarte 1:200.000  
(BÜK200).*

*LGLN 2022: Auszug aus den Geodaten des  
Landesamtes für Geoinformation und  
Landesvermessung Niedersachsen 2022.*

*Contact: [pwagner@hydrology.uni-kiel.de](mailto:pwagner@hydrology.uni-kiel.de)*