

Application of measured channel cross-section geometries data for flow and water quality estimation

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2017. 07. 29.

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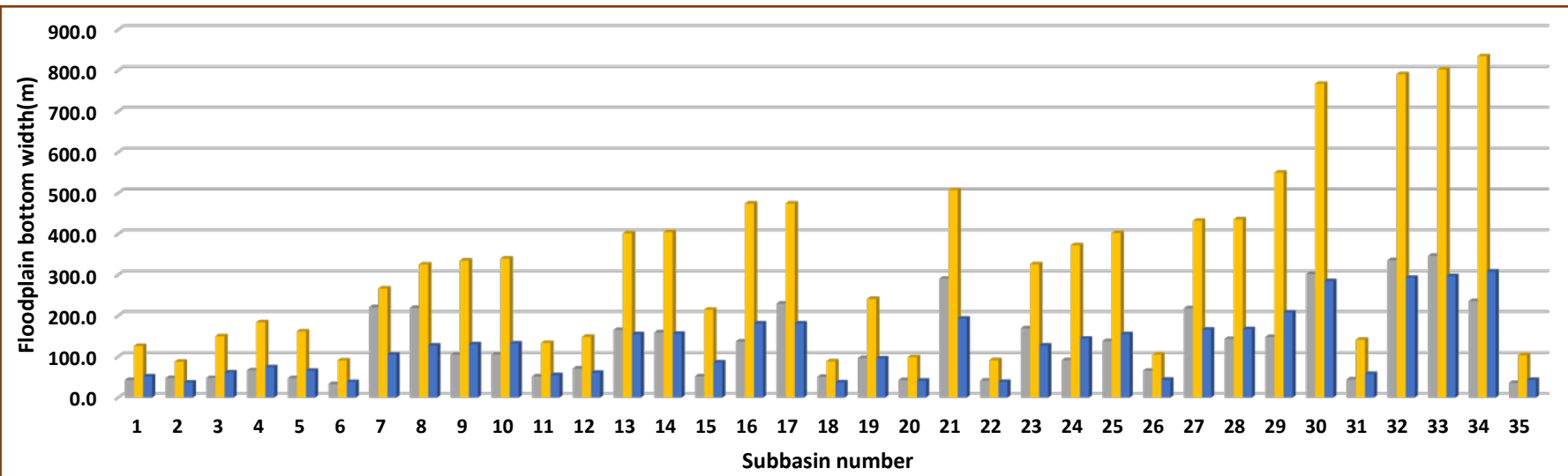
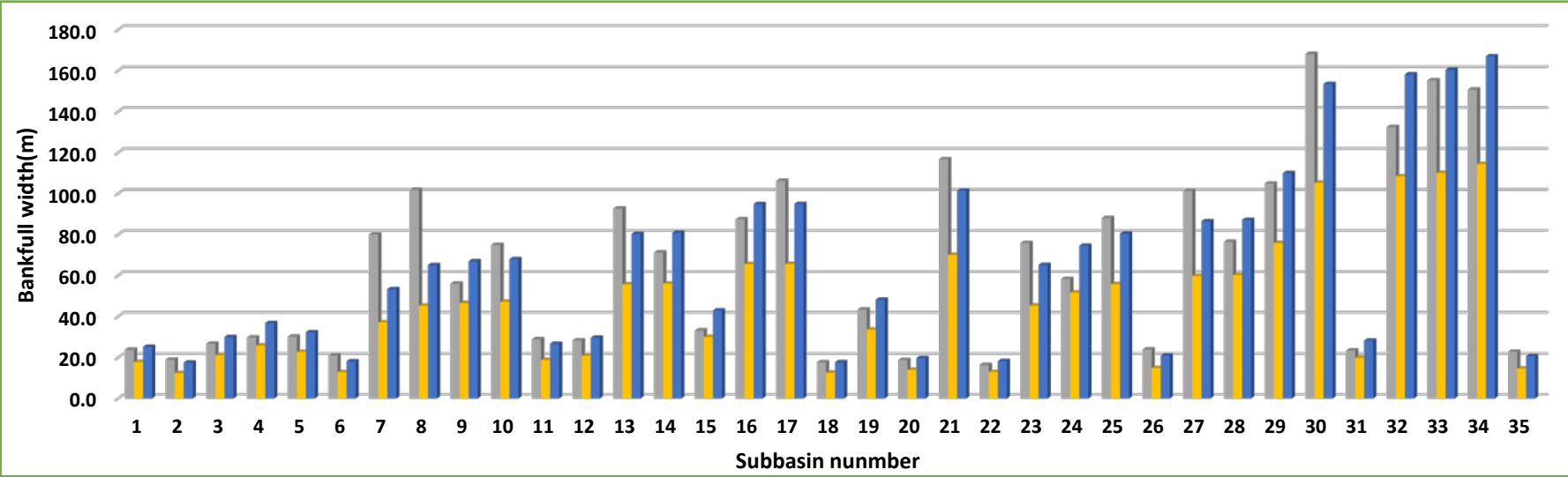
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Bankfull width and floodplain bottom width

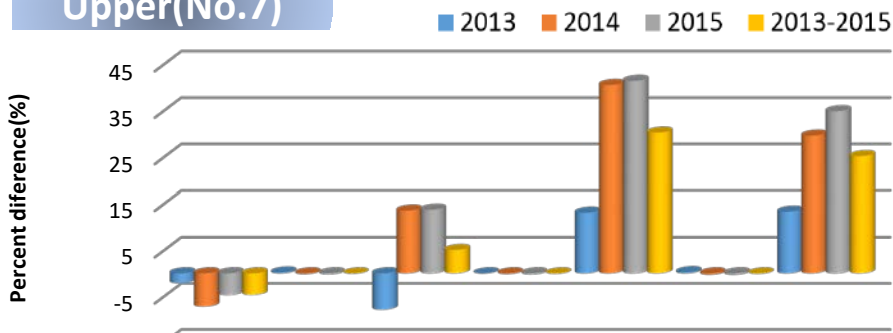
Measured SWAT Regression



03. Results

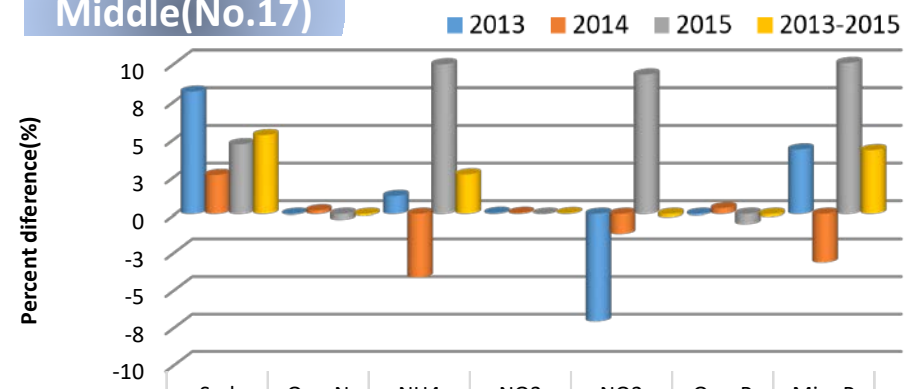
Simulation results: sediment & nutrients

Upper(No.7)



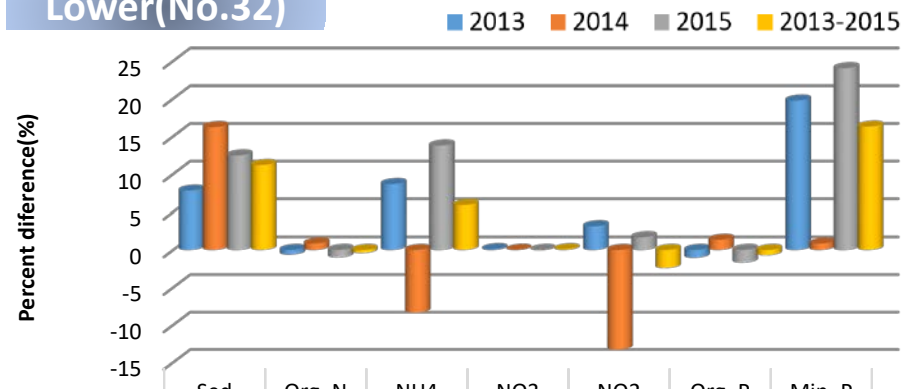
	Sed	Org_N	NH4	NO3	NO2	Org_P	Min_P
2013	-2.1	0.2	-7.9	0.0	13.1	0.2	13.3
2014	-7.2	-0.2	13.5	-0.2	40.5	-0.3	29.6
2015	-4.7	-0.2	13.7	-0.2	41.4	-0.3	34.9
2013-2015	-4.7	-0.1	5.1	-0.1	30.2	-0.1	25.2

Middle(No.17)



	Sed	Org_N	NH4	NO3	NO2	Org_P	Min_P
2013	8.1	0.0	1.2	0.1	-7.1	-0.1	4.3
2014	2.6	0.2	-4.2	0.1	-1.3	0.4	-3.2
2015	4.6	-0.4	9.9	0.0	9.2	-0.7	10.4
2013-2015	5.2	-0.1	2.6	0.0	-0.2	-0.2	4.2

Lower(No.32)



	Sed	Org_N	NH4	NO3	NO2	Org_P	Min_P
2013	7.8	-0.6	8.7	0.1	3.1	-1.0	19.7
2014	16.2	0.9	-8.4	0.0	-13.3	1.4	0.8
2015	12.5	-1.0	13.8	0.0	1.7	-1.7	24.0
2013-2015	11.2	-0.4	5.9	0.1	-2.4	-0.7	16.3

01. Background & Introduction

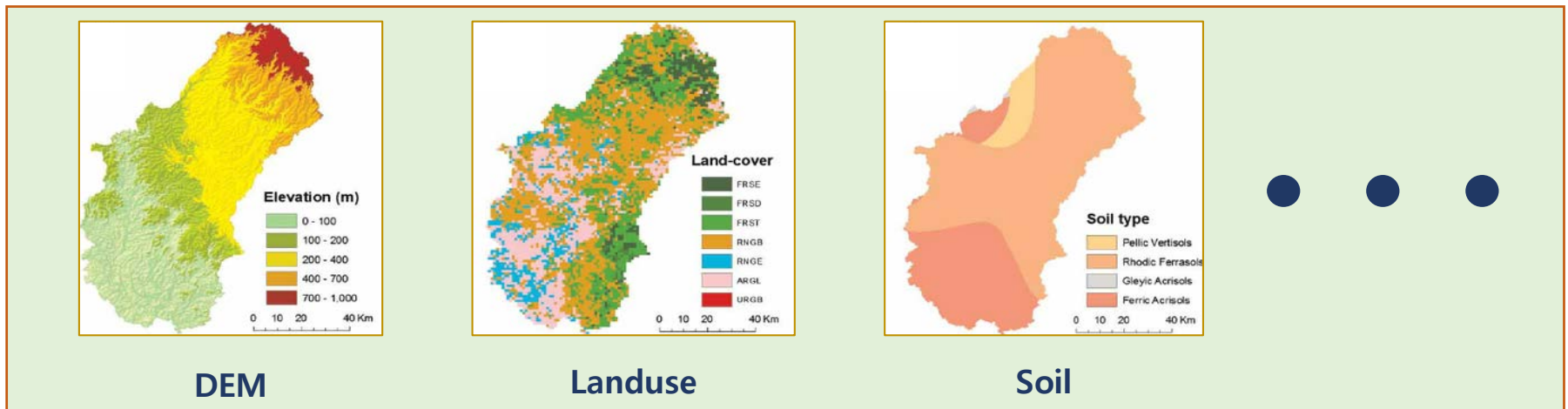
Hydrological models and input parameters

Streamflow and water quality simulation models

: SWAT, HSPF, APEX, AGNPS, WASP4...



Model input data



Input Parameters

: curve number, soil layer depth, subbasin area, manning's n...

01. Background & Introduction

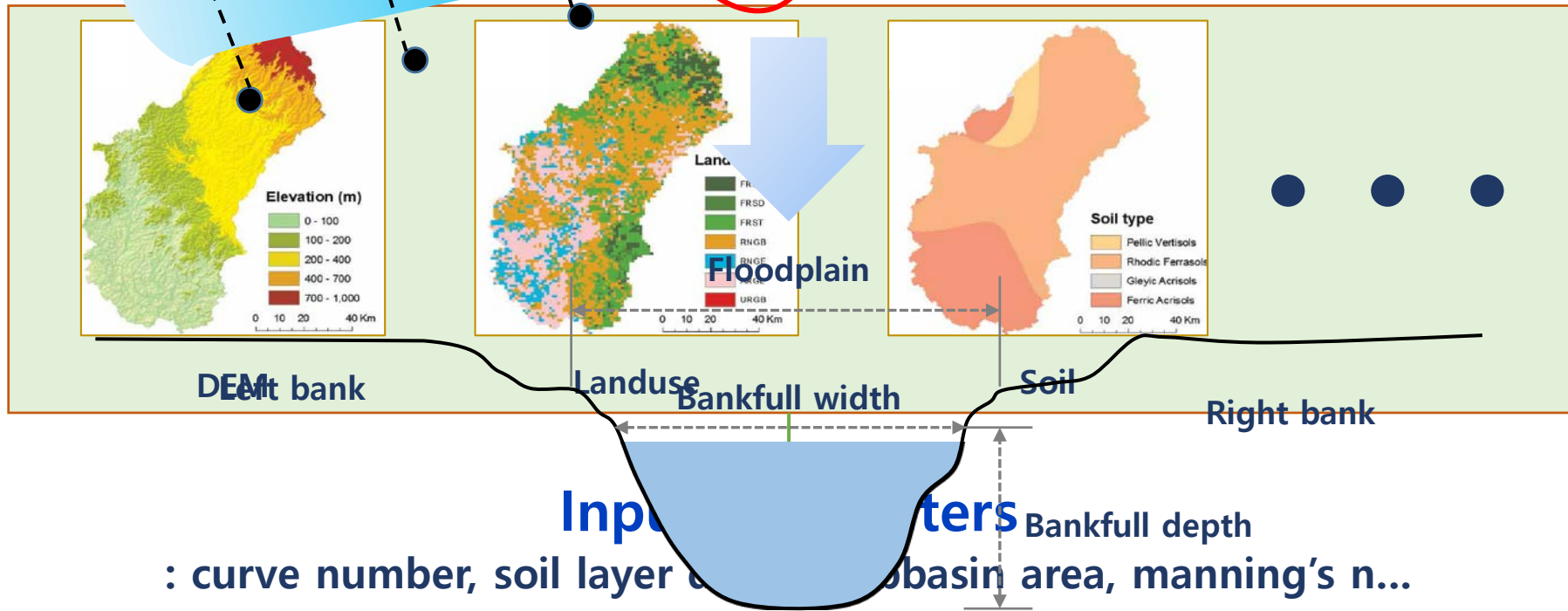
Channel geometry(channel cross-section)

Streamflow and water quality

: SWAT UH

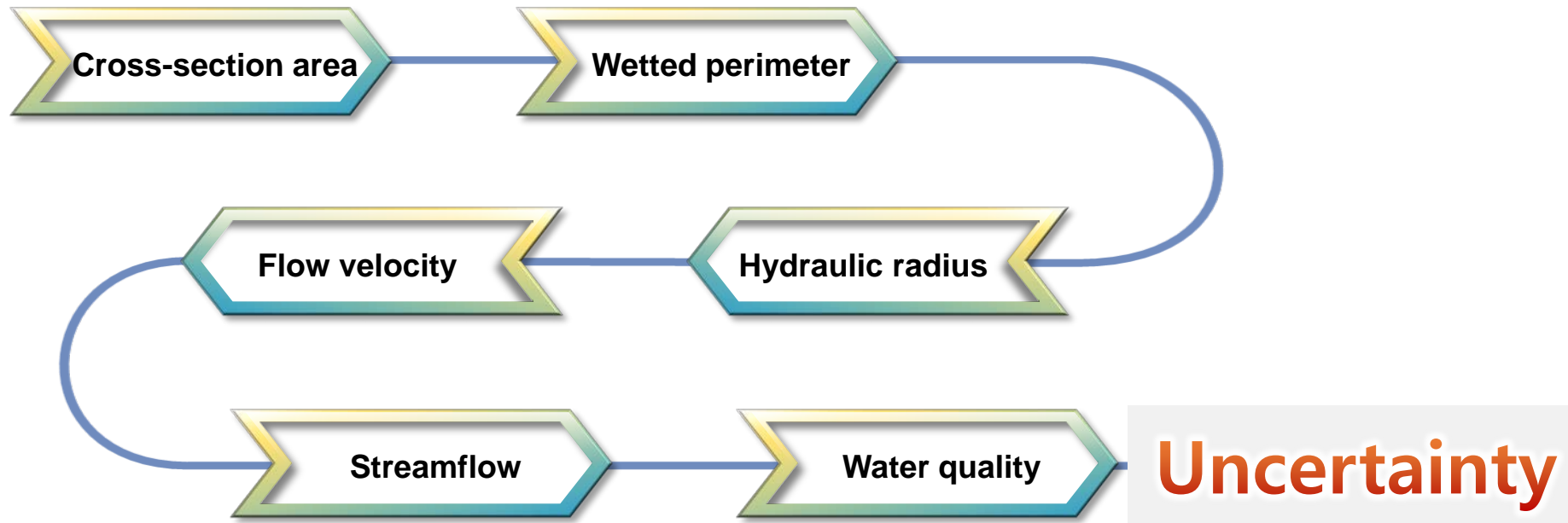
Stream-channel

Input data



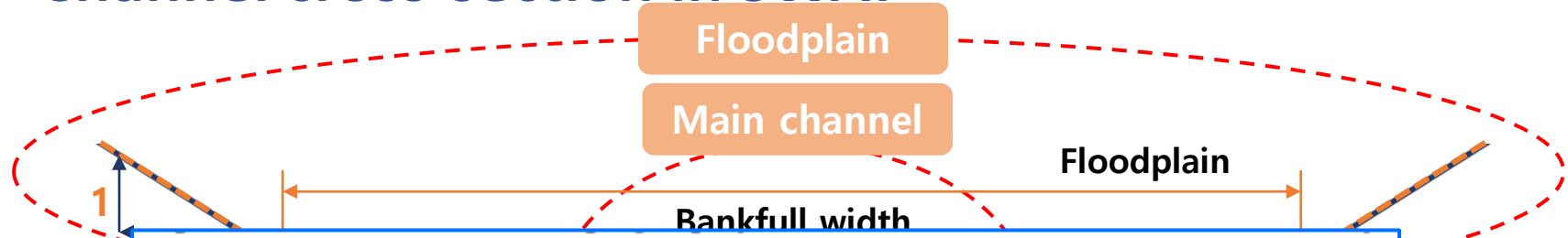
01. Background & Introduction

💧 Channel geometry(channel cross-section)

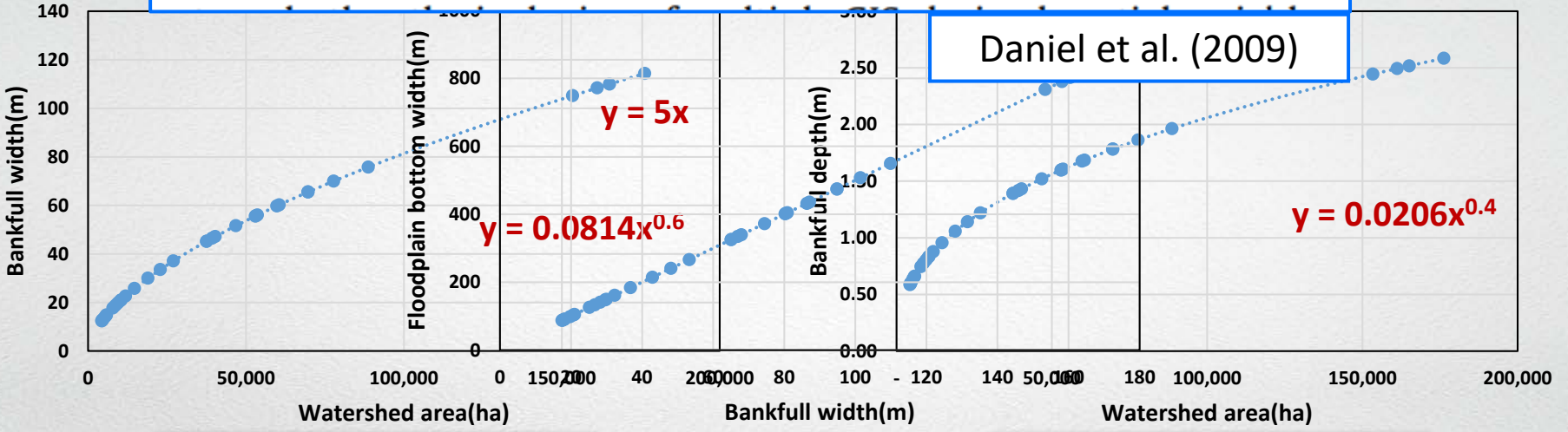


01. Background & Introduction

Channel cross-section in SWAT



influence discharge. Further, currently used equations (equations (1) and (2)), for predicting width and depth from drainage area were obtained from large-scale studies of watersheds across multiple physiographic provinces in the United States and may not be applicable to small-scale watershed studies. This paper evalu-



Bankfull width by watershed area

Floodplain bottom width by bankfull width

depth by watershed area

💧 **Comparison SWAT and nature channel**

?

💧 **Objectives of this study**

- ✓ **To improve SWAT engine to consider various channel geometry**
- ✓ **To evaluate the effect of channel geometry on streamflow and water quality**

A wide, deep canyon with a river flowing through it, surrounded by mossy, layered rock formations. The canyon walls are composed of dark, layered rock, and the river is a mix of blue and white water. The surrounding landscape is covered in green moss and lichen, giving it a rugged, natural appearance.

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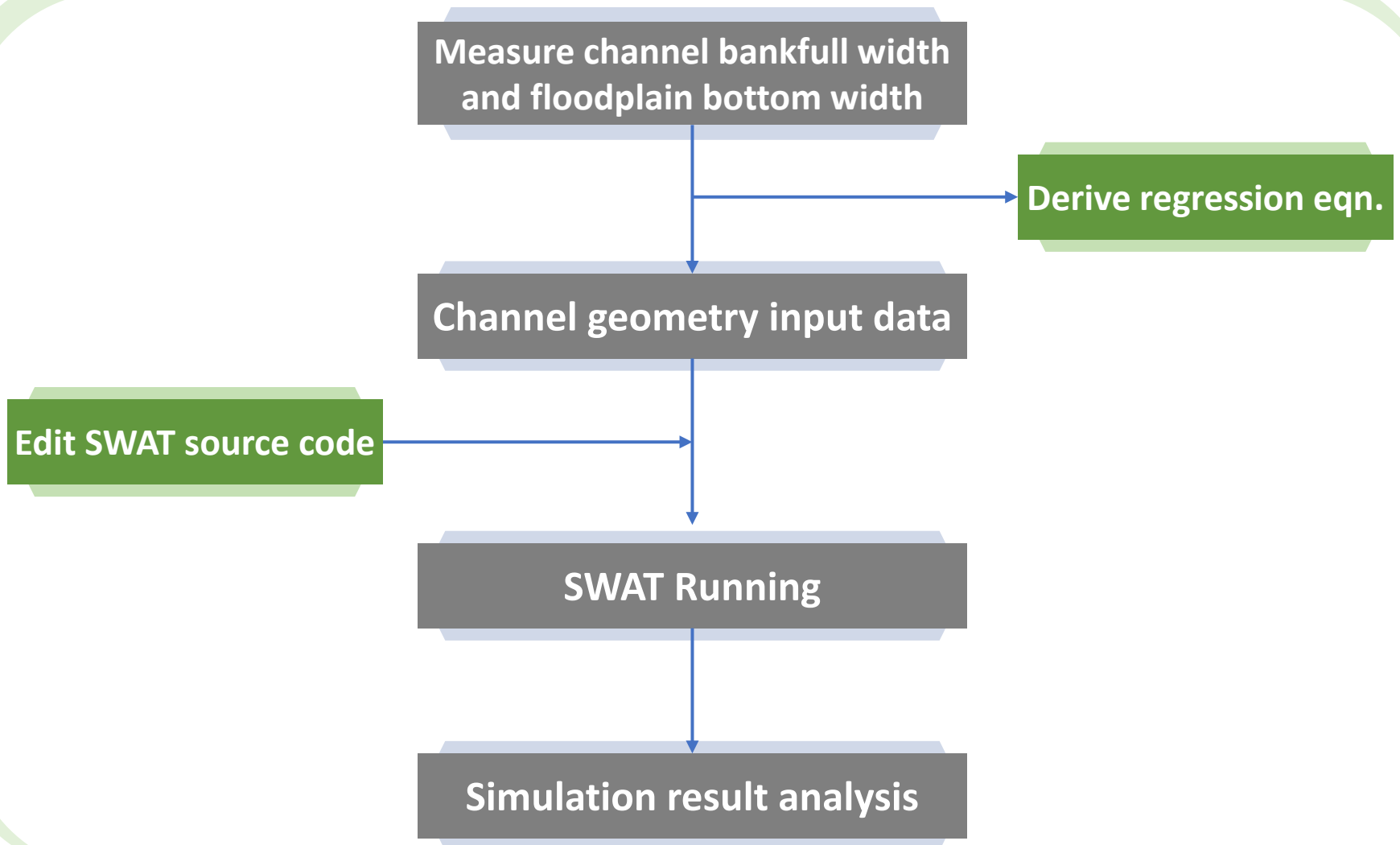
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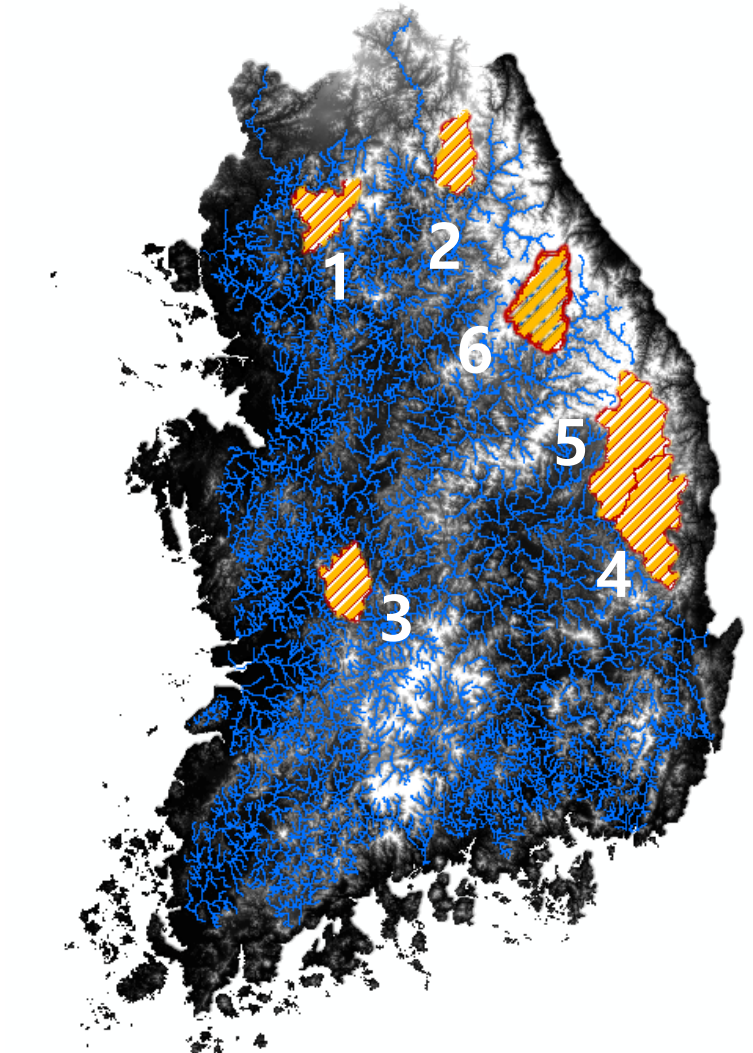
03 Results

04 Conclusions

Study flowchart



Study area 2: ~~aggregation~~ ~~expansion~~ ~~iteration~~ channel data



1. Yeongpyeong River

2. Yanggu River

3. Upper Guem River

4. Banbyeon River

5. Upper Nakdong River

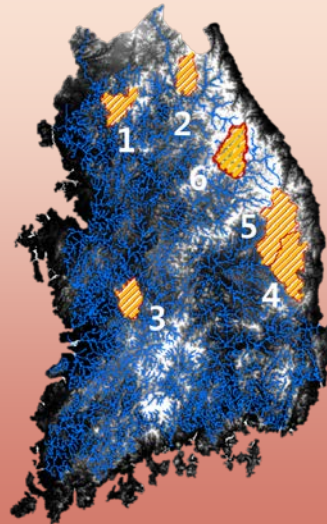
6. Pyeongchang River(2010-2015)

02. Materials & Methods

• Measure bankfull width and floodplain bottom width

- Regression equations for a small and mountainous watershed
- ✓ Various aerial images were compared
- ✓ Regression equations were derived by CurveExpert

Study area



Aerial images



A wide, deep canyon with a river flowing through it, surrounded by mossy, layered rock formations. The canyon walls are composed of dark, layered rock, and the river is a mix of blue and grey, indicating a rocky bed. The surrounding landscape is covered in green moss and lichen, giving it a rugged, natural appearance.

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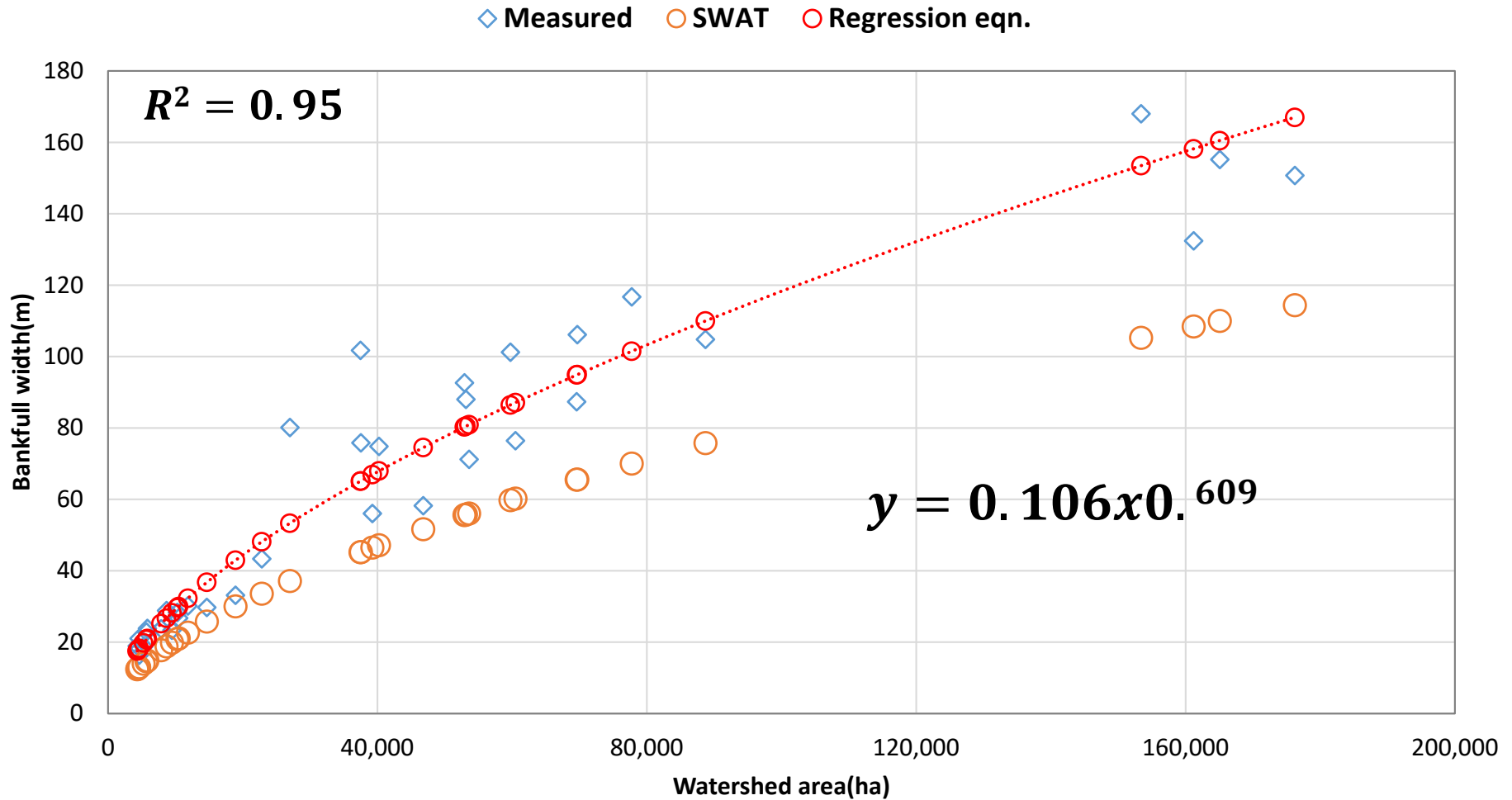
02 Materials & Methods

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04 Conclusions

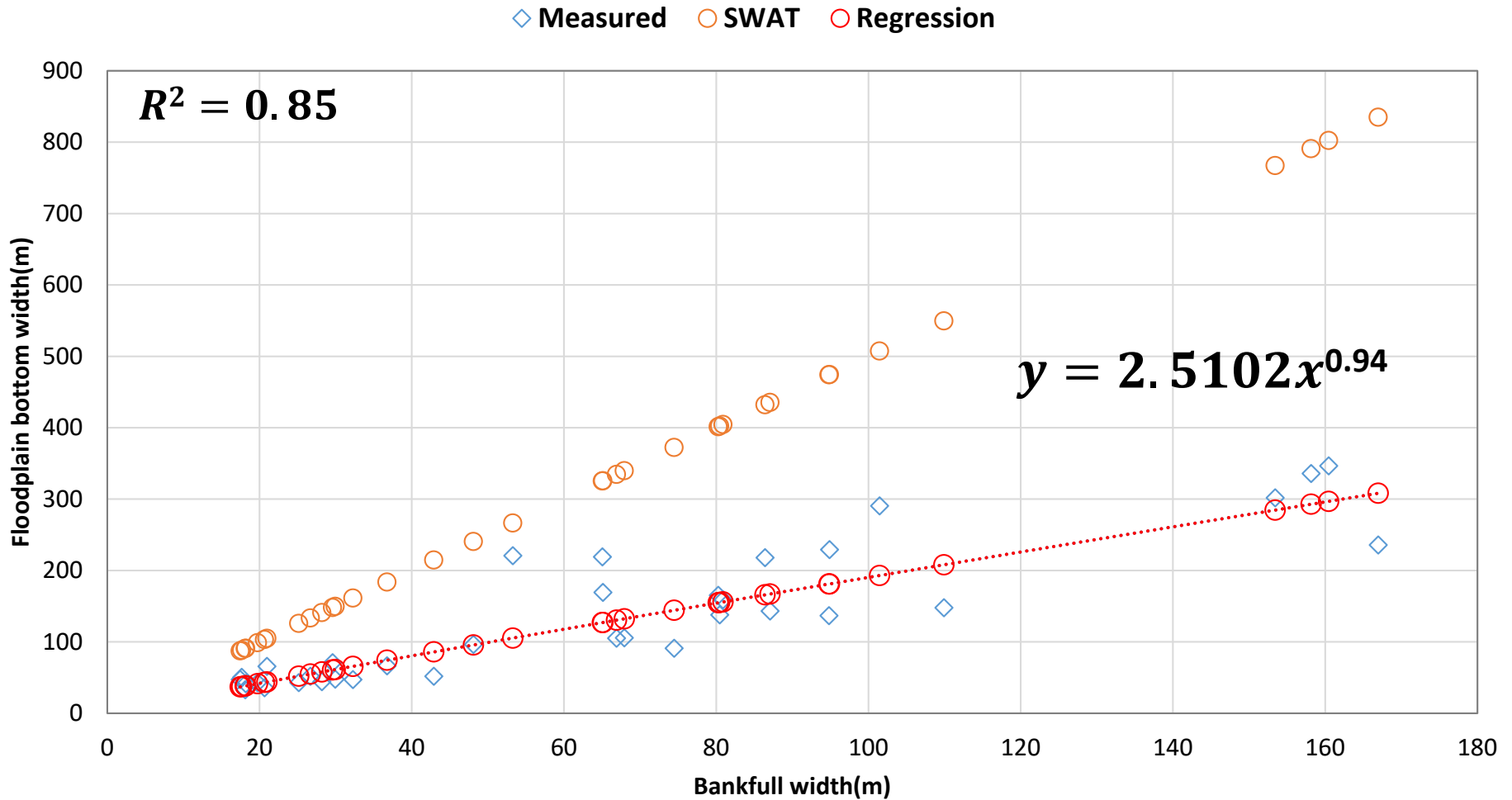
03. Results

💧 Bankfull width regression eqn.



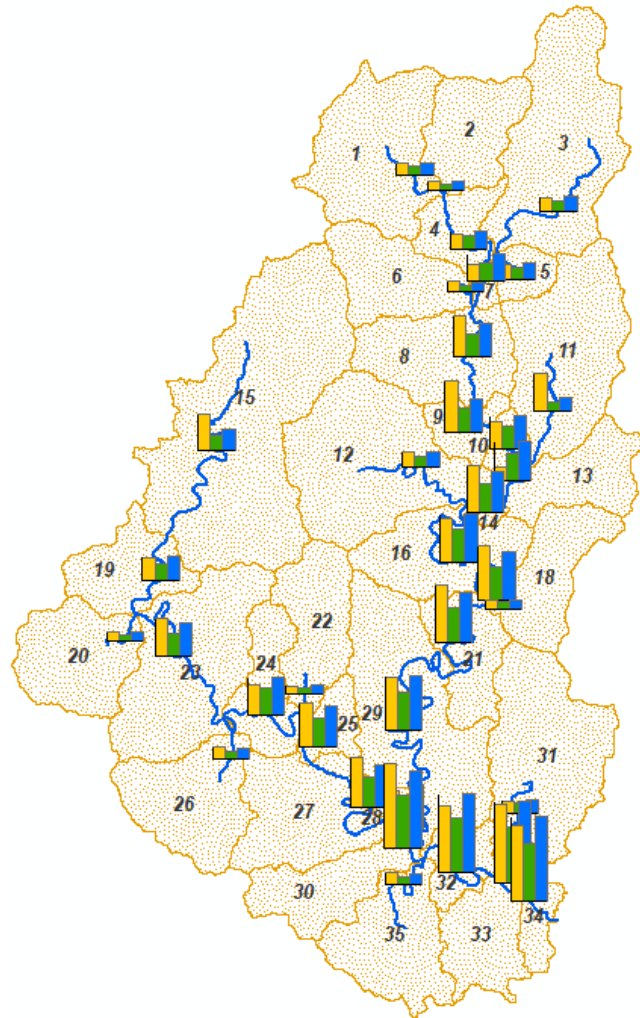
03. Results

💧 Floodplain bottom width regression eqn.

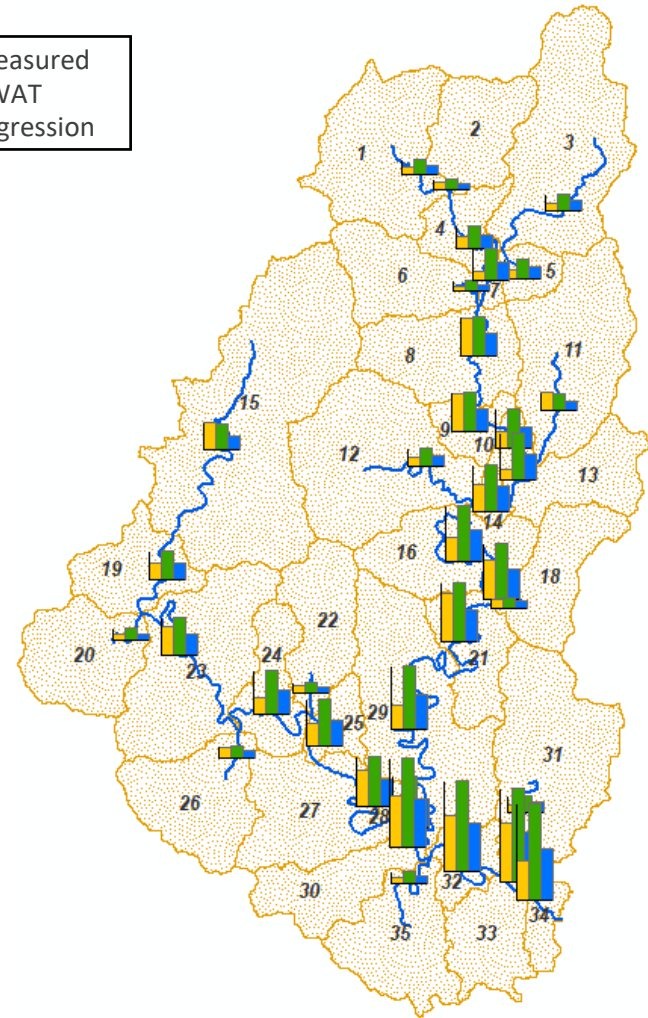


03. Results

Bankfull width and floodplain bottom width from each method



Bankfull width

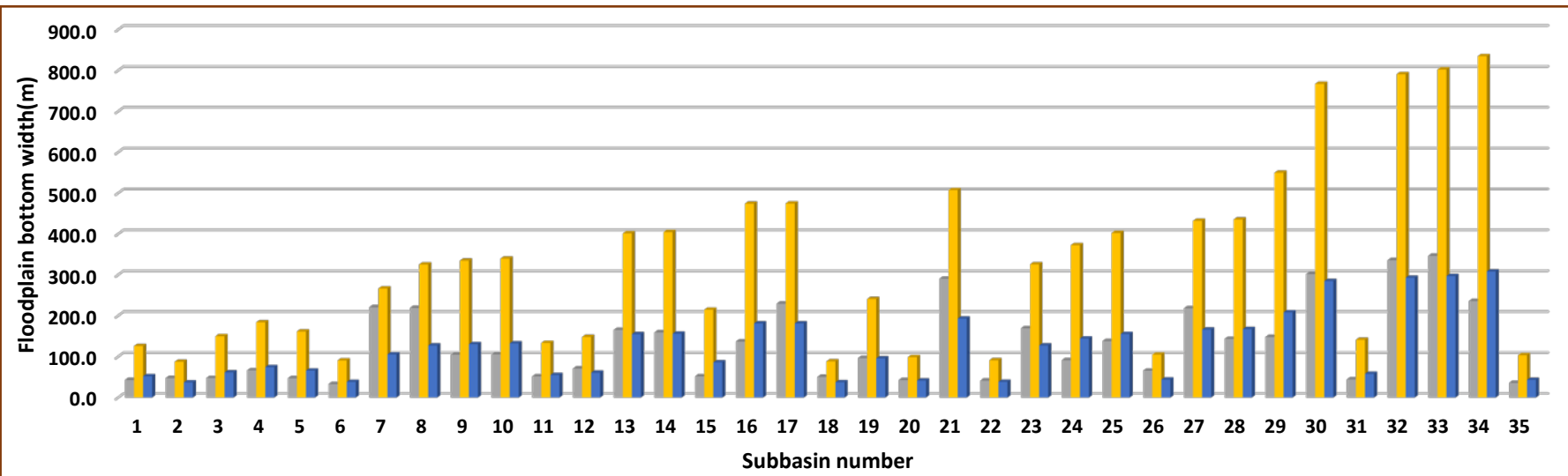
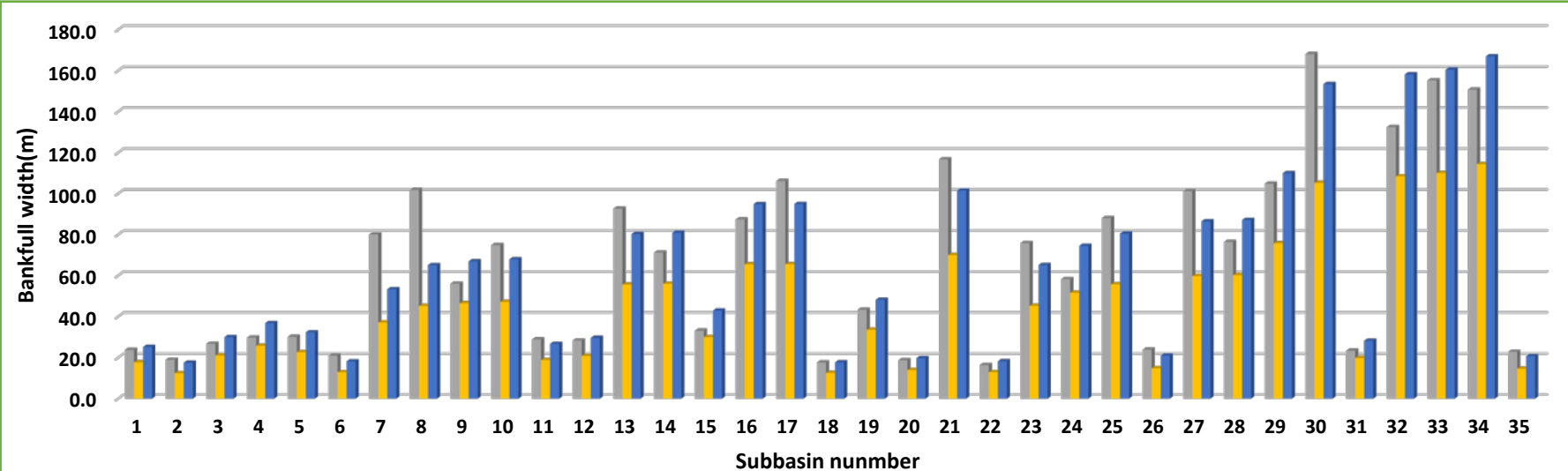


Floodplain bottom width

03. Results

Bankfull width and floodplain bottom width from each method

Measured SWAT Regression



03. Results

channel_data.knu - Excel

파일 홈 삽입 페이지 레이아웃 수식 데이터 검토 보기 팀 로그인

맑은 고딕 11

클립보드 글꼴 맞춤 표시 형식 스타일 셀 편집

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	subbasin	KRF	ch-depth	ch-width	Fd-width	ch-s
2	1	0	0.7	29.8	149.1	
3	2	0	0.6	28.7	143.5	
4	3	0	Z	30.6	153.2	
5	4	0	1.0	31.9	159.7	
6	5	0	0.9	31.1	155.3	
7	6	0	0.6	28.8	143.9	
8	7	0	1.2	39.0	195.2	
9	8	0	1.4	39.6	197.9	
10	9	1	1.4	39.9	199.4	
11	10	1	1.4	30.1	150.3	
12	11	0	0.8	30.6	152.9	
13	12	0	0.8	43.8	219.0	
14	13	1	1.6	44.0	220.0	
15	14	0	1.6	33.3	166.3	
16	15	0	1.1	35.8	178.9	
17	16	0	1.8	48.9	244.5	
18	17	0	1.8	48.9	244.6	
19	18	0	0.6	28.7	143.6	
20	19	0	1.1	34.5	172.4	
21	20	1	0.6	29.0	145.0	
22	21	0	1.9	51.4	256.9	
23	22	0	0.6	28.8	144.0	
24	23	0	1.4	39.1	195.3	
25	24	0	1.5	41.9	209.5	
26	25	0	1.6	43.9	219.3	

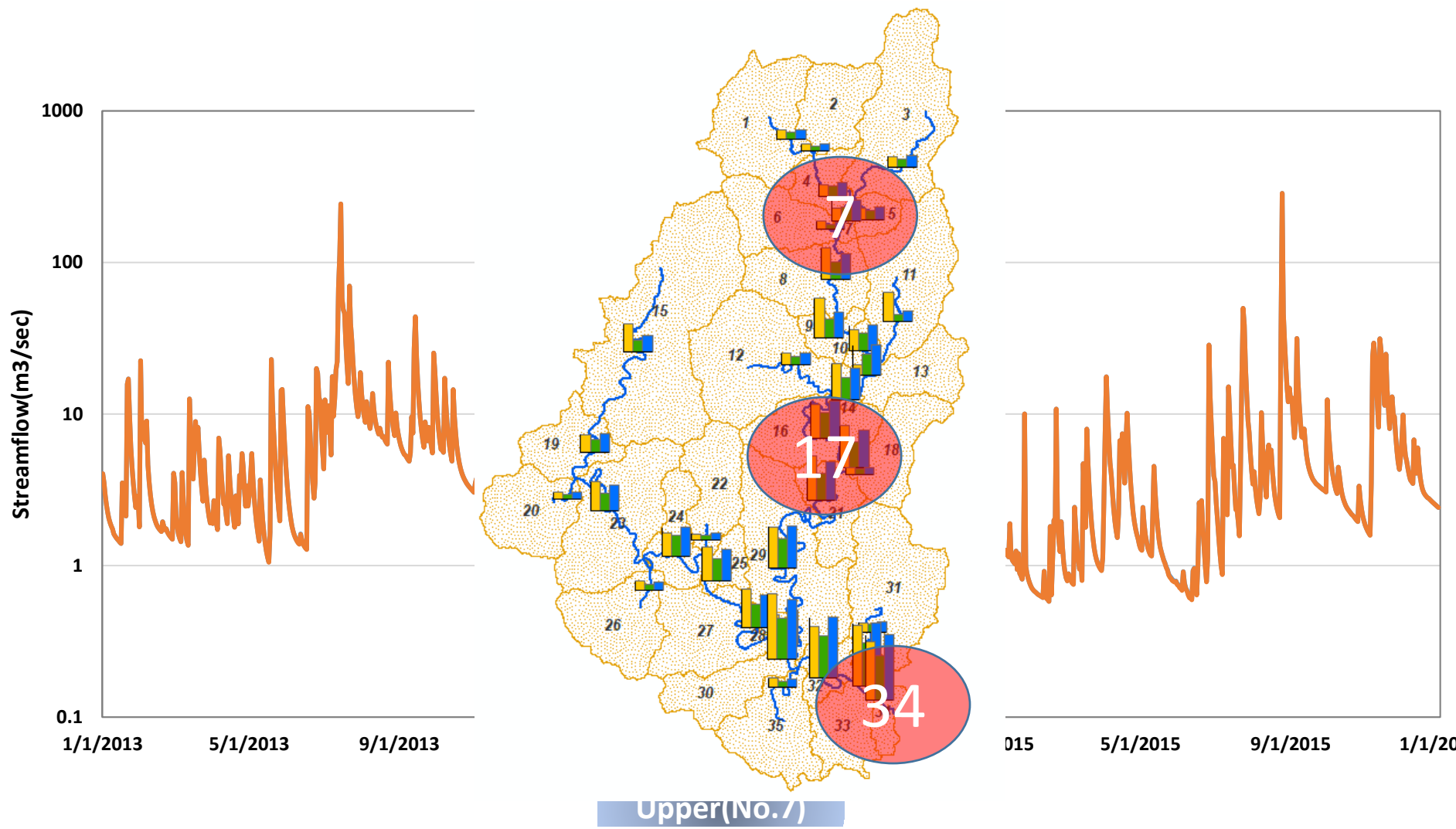
C:\#WINDOWS#system32#cmd.exe

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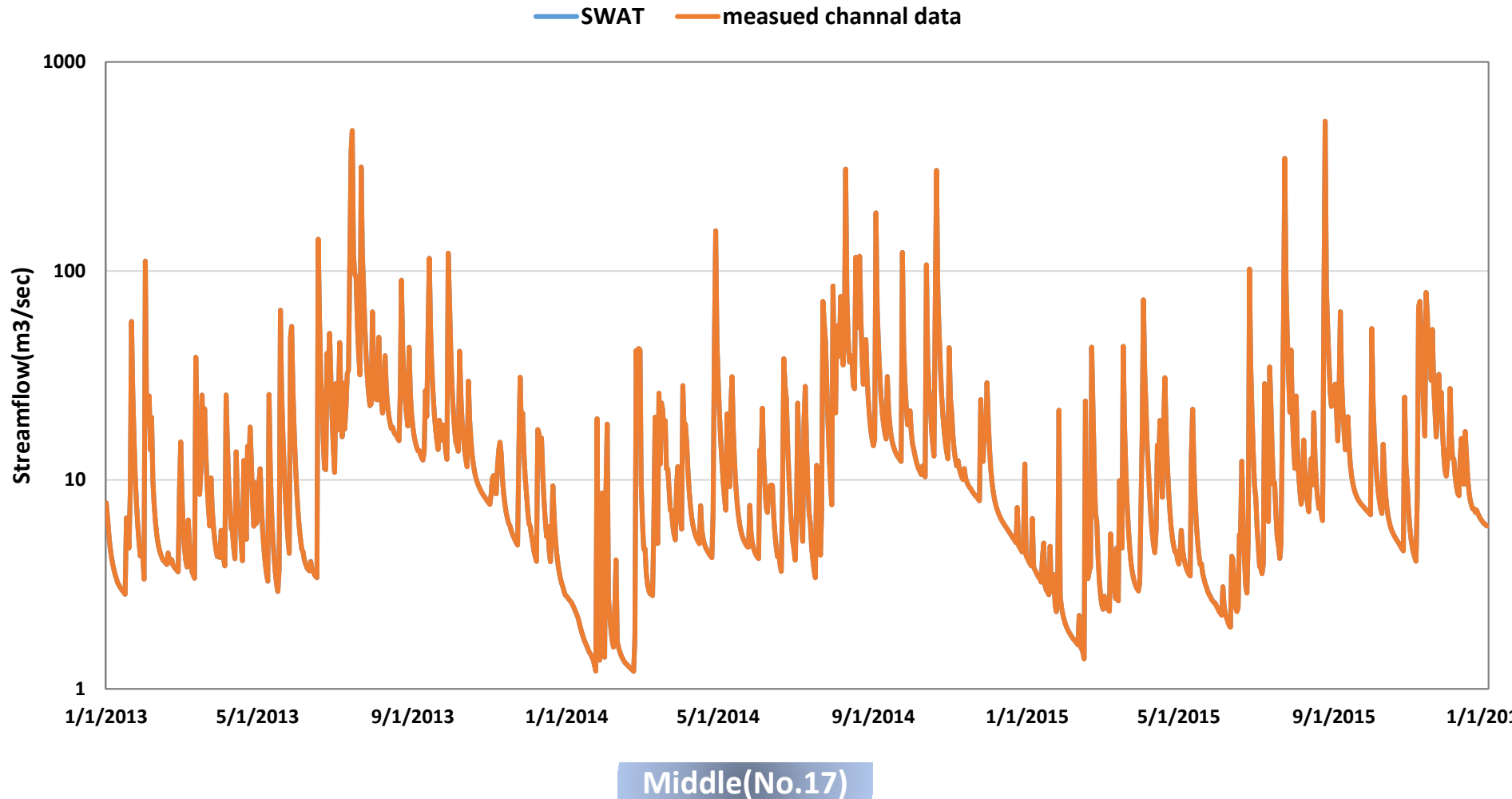
SWAT2016
Rev. 664
Soil & Water Assessment Tool
PC Version
Enhancement of Input action for cross-section of channel
Modified by Jeongho, Han; Donghyuk, Kum; Kyoung Jae, Lim
Program reading from file.oio . . . . .exeouting
Input channel specific parameters?(Y/N)
y
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 1
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 2
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 3
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 5
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 6
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 11
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 12
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 15
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 19
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 18
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 20
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 22
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 26
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 31
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 35
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 4
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 23
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 7
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 24
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 25
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 27
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 28
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 8
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 9
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 10
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 13
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 14
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 16
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 17
main and tributary channel data is applied in subbasin No. 21
    
```

03. Results

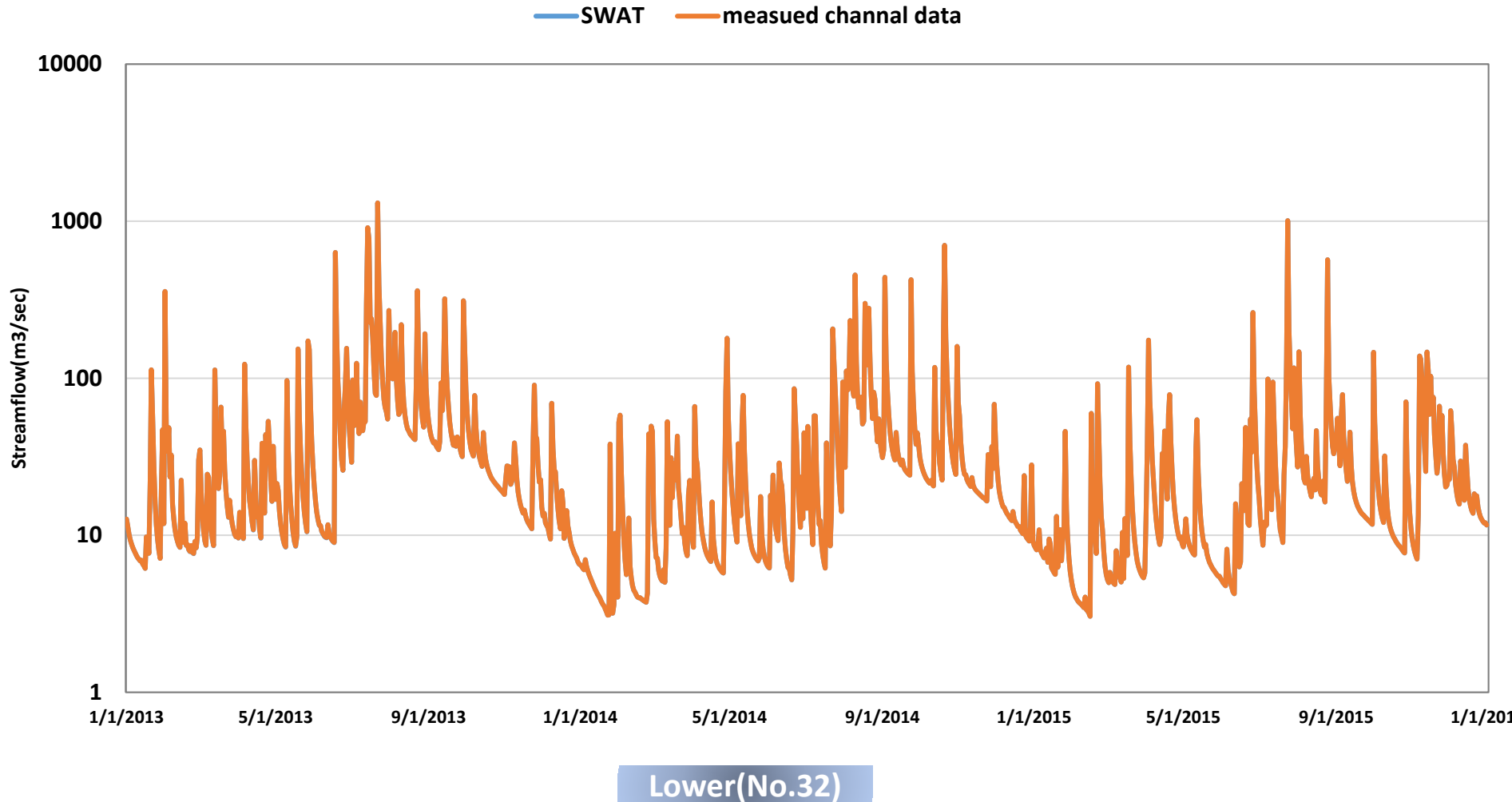
💧 Simulation results: streamflow



💧 Simulation results: streamflow

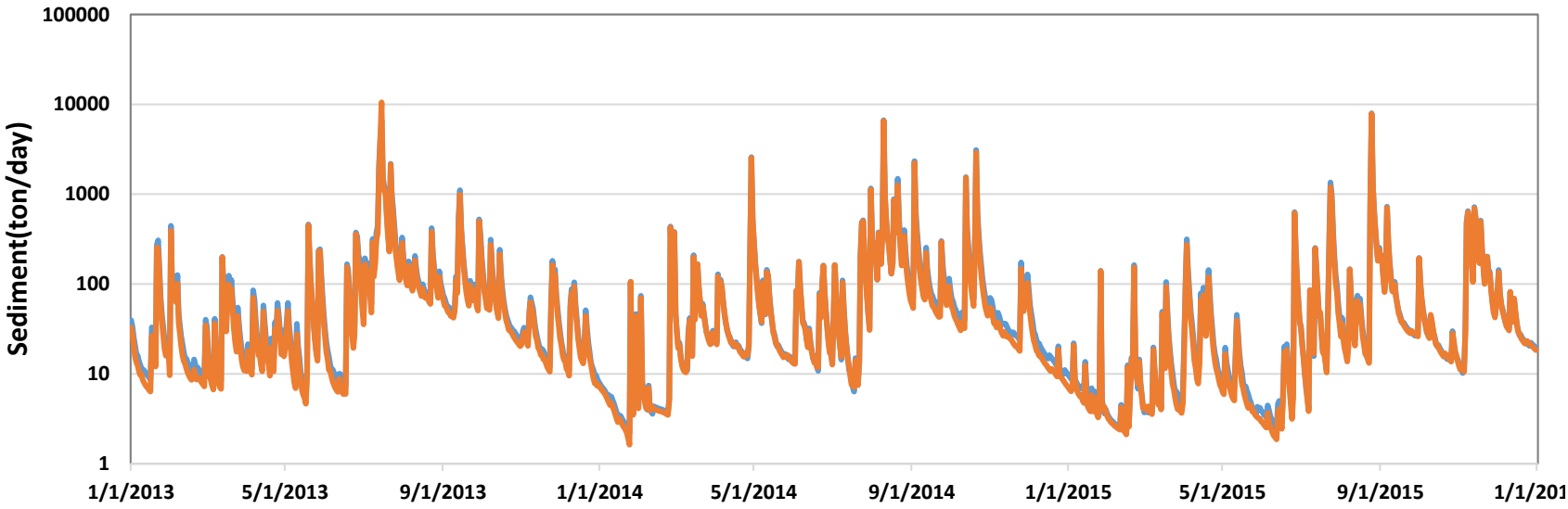
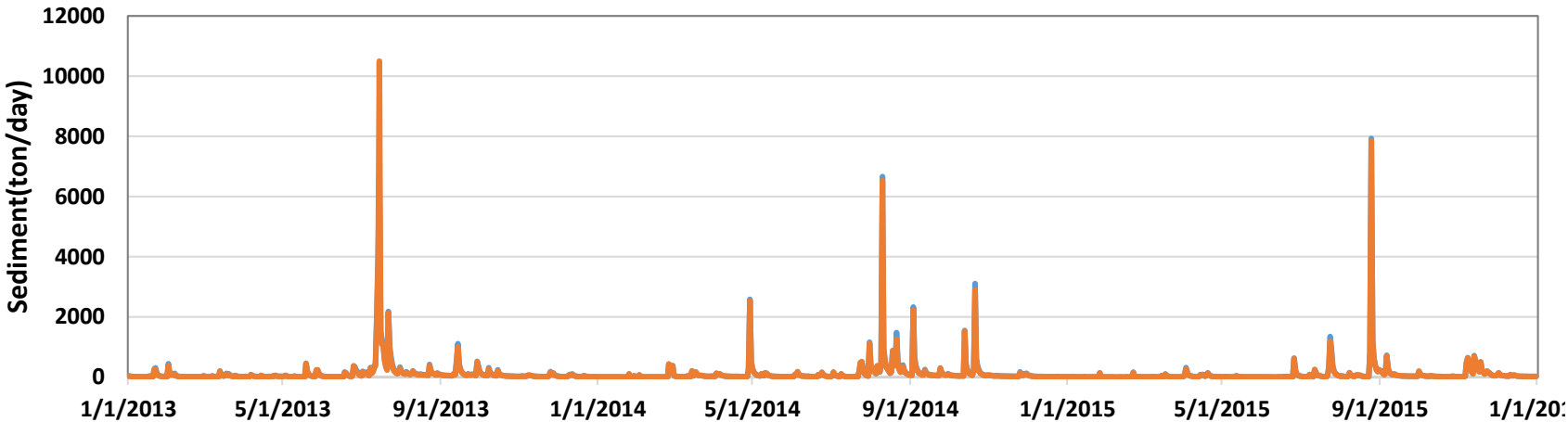


💧 Simulation results: streamflow



Simulation results: Sediment

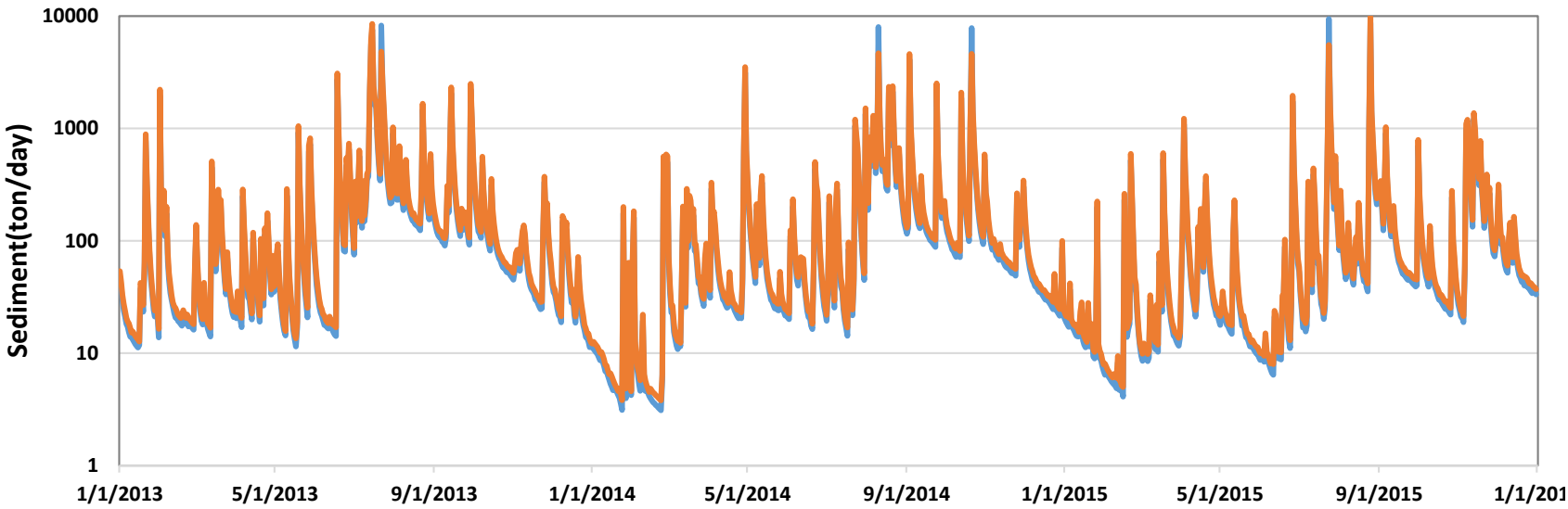
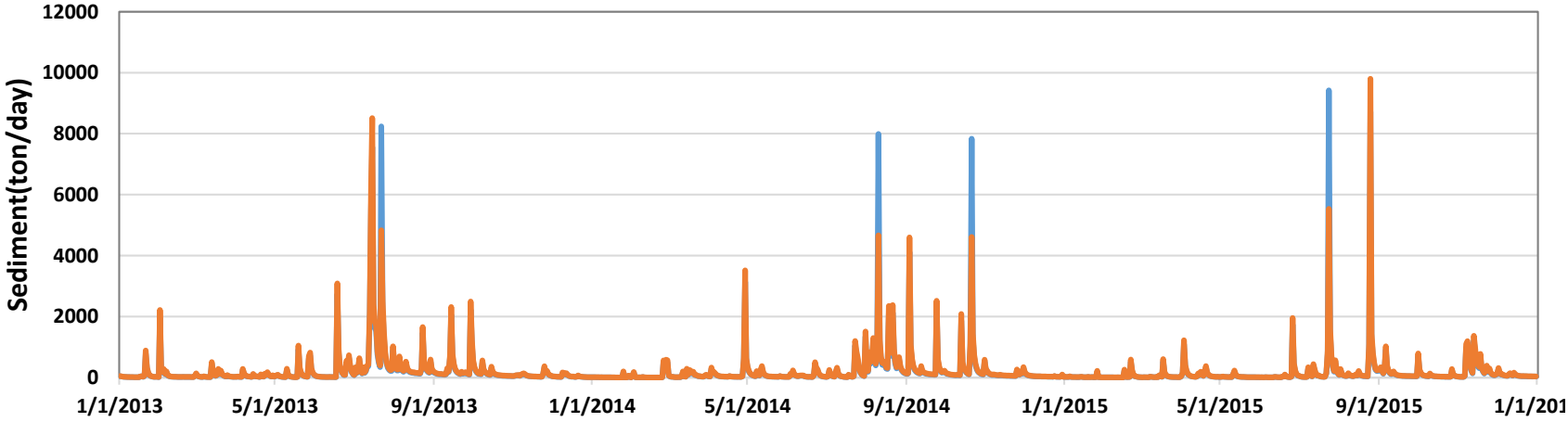
— SWAT — measured channel data



Upper(No.7)

Simulation results: Sediment

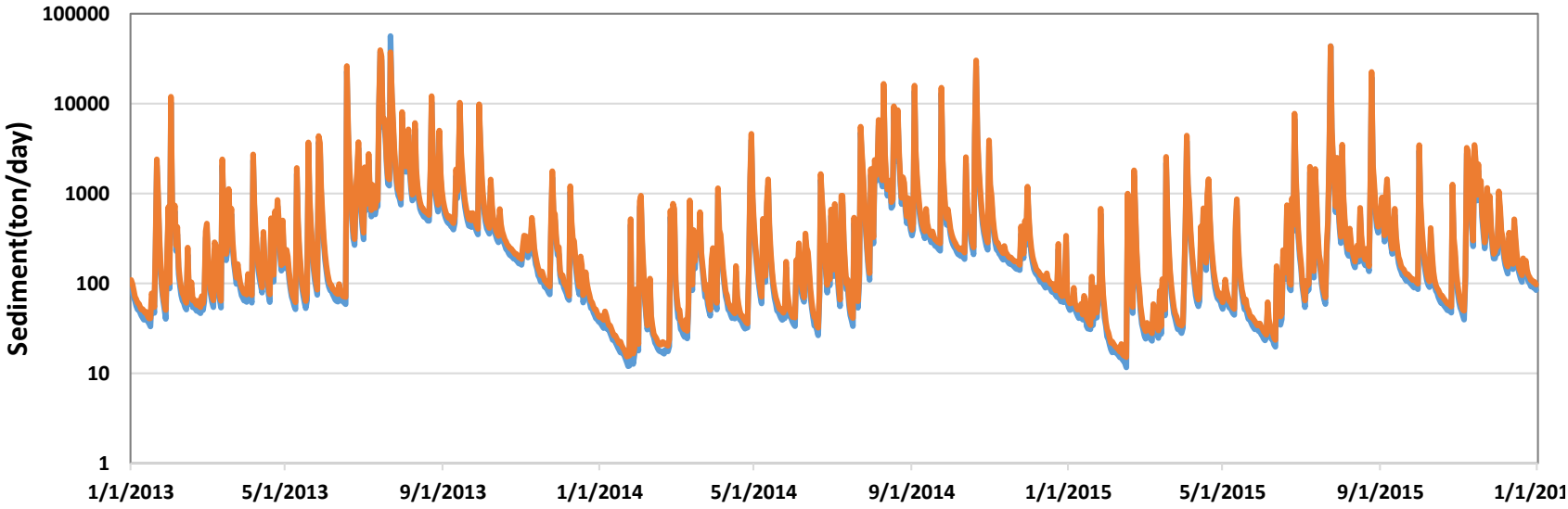
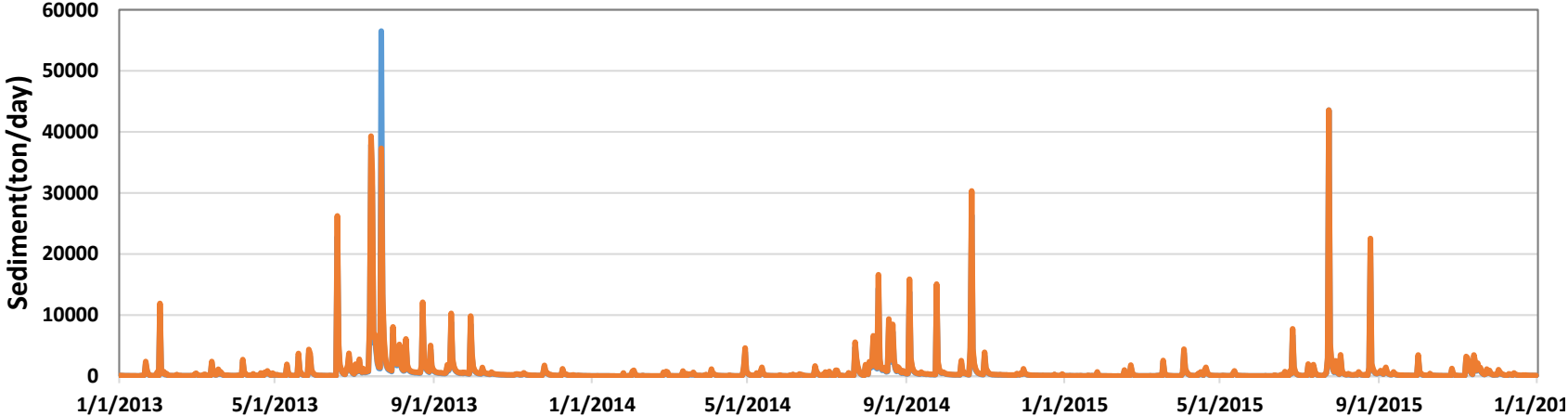
— SWAT — measured channel data



Middle(No.17)

Simulation results: Sediment

— SWAT — measured channel data

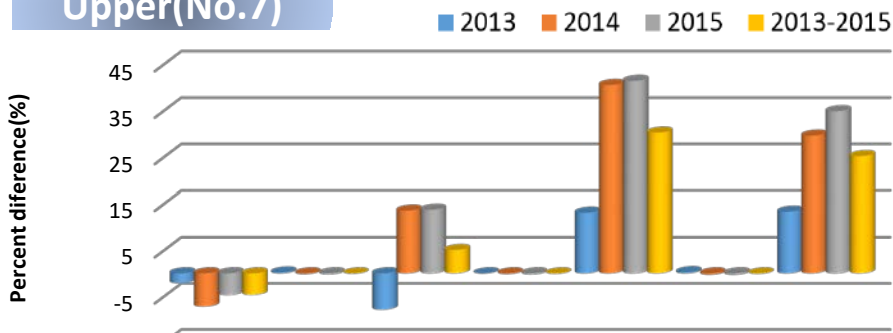


Lower(No.32)

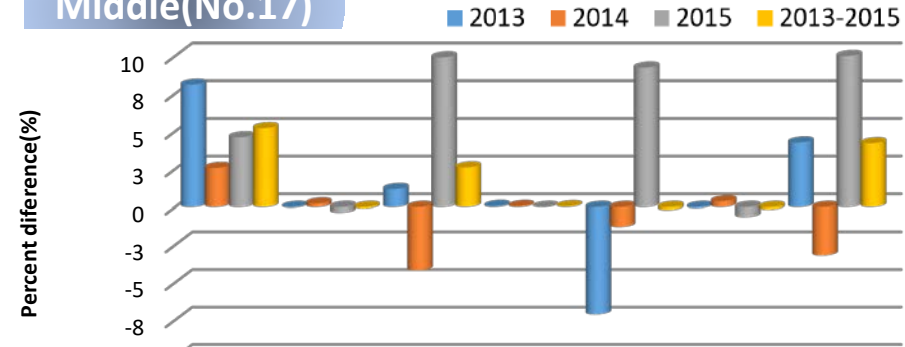
03. Results

Simulation results: sediment & nutrients

Upper(No.7)

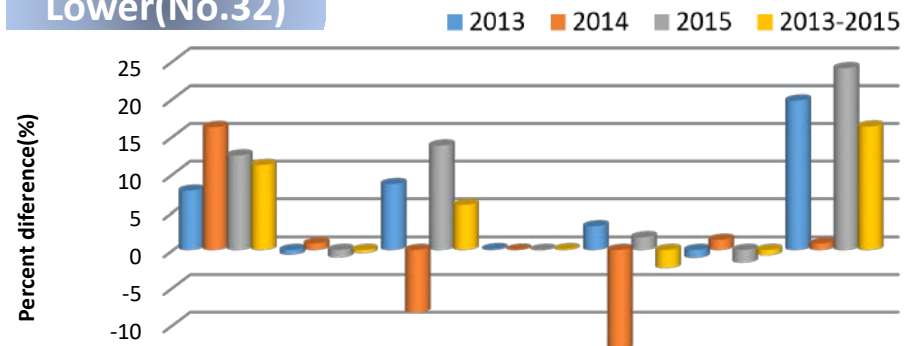


Middle(No.17)



	Sed	Org_N	NH4	NO3	NO2	Org_P	Min_P
2013	8.1	0.0	1.2	0.1	-7.1	-0.1	4.3
2014	2.6	0.2	-4.2	0.1	-1.3	0.4	-3.2
2015	4.6	-0.4	9.9	0.0	9.2	-0.7	10.4
2013-2015	5.2	-0.1	2.6	0.0	-0.2	-0.2	4.2

Lower(No.32)



	Sed	Org_N	NH4	NO3	NO2	Org_P	Min_P
2013	7.8	-0.6	8.7	0.1	3.1	-1.0	19.7
2014	16.2	0.9	-8.4	0.0	-13.3	1.4	0.8
2015	12.5	-1.0	13.8	0.0	1.7	-1.7	24.0
2013-2015	11.2	-0.4	5.9	0.1	-2.4	-0.7	16.3

A wide, deep canyon with a river flowing through it, surrounded by mossy, layered rock formations. The canyon walls are composed of dark, layered rock, and the river is a mix of blue and grey water. The overall scene is a dramatic, natural landscape.

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- ✓ **Streamflow is not almost affected** by channel geometry
- ✓ **Water quality is influenced** largely by channel geometry
except organic N, NO₃ and organic P
- ✓ For a **small and mountainous watershed**, it is required to
develop new equation for channel geometry parameters

Thank You